

A LIVE-WIRE NEWSPAPER --- WITHOUT DOUBT THE BRIGHTEST AND BEST APPEARING COUNTRY WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA

## Another Investigation of Turk Atrocities

Having exhausted the available supply of Armenians, the Turks have of late been massacring such Greeks as remain ready to hand. These are the Pontine Greeks, who dwell on the southern littoral of the Black Sea, and have been there since the seventh century, B.C. In language and culture they are far more Hellenic than the Greeks of Southern Europe. Before the war they were under Turkish rule, but they had become rich and were rarely persecuted. The Turks had no such hatred of these Christians as of the Armenians, and it may be that one reason they were not occasionally massacred was because of the fact that in the Greek nation they had kindred and powerful friends. Until the beginning of the Great War they dwelt with profit, if not altogether in happiness, as a minority in a Turkish province. But they loved Turkey no more than the European Greeks, and when they had an opportunity, showed their sympathy with the Allies. This is one of the reasons why they are now being systematically massacred.

### Were With Allies.

When the Russian allies of the Grand Duke Nicholas occupied their territory in 1915 they welcomed him, and thousands of them took up arms in a common cause. When he retreated they tried to prevent the Turks from returning, and on the whole were successful. After the war the Entente suggested that these Greeks should merge themselves in Armenia, but they refused to do so, and then Venizelos conceived the idea of a separate Pontine republic. This idea they accepted, and ever since, off and on, have been fighting to maintain it against the Turks. Had they received military support, or even formal sanction, from the Entente, there is little doubt but that they would have established themselves. Distrust among the allied powers, more than the diplomatic skill displayed by the Turks, has jockeyed them into the position of being rebels against Turkish rule. They still have an army in the field, but, while it is formidable enough to present a problem to the Turks, it is not large enough to prevent their wives and children and their old men from being massacred.

### An Allied Failure.

One of the most dismal failures of the war is the failure of the Allies to abolish Turkey as a power. That failure has been due chiefly to Great Britain, which feared that to have carried out the old program of booting the Turks from Europe and reducing the Sultan to the rank of a Lord-Lieutenant of an English county would provoke trouble, maybe revolution, in India. We are informed that no such danger originally existed, and that it only came into being months after Britain had almost officially admitted that she feared it. Then, naturally, it became a fact, and to-day the Turkish problem is much more difficult to deal with than it would have been immediately after the war.

### France's Treachery.

The fact that France made a separate treaty with Turkey complicated matters. The old poison was at work. The Turk was able to profit by the suspicion among the European powers which had in common their distrust and hatred of him, even though the age-long Russian menace was removed. Each feared that the other might take an unfair advantage of the others, being aware that the Turk was ready to make any such bargain. There was general relief when in November, 1920, the Greek elections showed that the Greek people no longer cared for Venizelos, and that they were prepared to stand by Constantine. Therefore, the arrangements that had been made with regard to Pontine Greece on the strength of Venizelos' representations and influence were treated as of no account.

### Another Investigation.

Now it is announced that the British Government, in conjunction with the Governments of the United States, France and Italy, will investigate these Turkish atrocities. The investigation of Turkish atrocities is an ancient pastime, and in days gone by has caused Turkey no more inconvenience than is involved in granting a few more concessions to the investigators, and in temporarily abandoning the massacres. Greece, as a nation, is not entitled to favored treatment by the Allies, and the banishment of Venizelos in 1920 gave the Allies an opportunity for the abandonment of Greece. But in any event Turkey is worse than Greece, and the pretense that to deal strongly with Turkey would prejudice Britain's interest in India is not impressive. Turkey should have been made a subservient power, and some nation, preferably the United States, if she would only accept the duty, should have been given a mandate over her.

## COOTE, MEMBER FOR MACLEOD WANTS CARVELL FIRED

OTTAWA, June 12.—When a vote of \$221,635 for the board of railway commissioners was under consideration in the house of commons Saturday, G. G. Coote, Progressive, Macleod, asked the minister of railways whether Mr. Motherwell had taken any steps looking to the removal of

F. B. Carvell from the post of chief of the board. Mr. Coote said that George Langley had appeared before a committee of the house and stated that Mr. Motherwell had made an election promise to place a resolution on order paper calling for the removal of Mr. Carvell.

Mr. Motherwell said that he had a statement on the matter in his desk and began to search for it when the premier arose and stated that Mr. Motherwell had made representations on the matter to the government and that they were receiving consideration.

### Want Carvell Removed

Mr. Coote went on to say that there was a very strong sentiment in the west in favor of the removal of Mr. Carvell and there appeared to be good reason for this sentiment.

The western people were dissatisfied with the railway commission as it was constituted. The minister of agriculture had made a promise and should keep it.

Does the country pay the chairman of the railway commission \$12,000 a year for the purpose of travelling around the country telling people that he would put no credence in the word of a man who works for the farmers?

Do they think we should have a different status for farmers and businessmen? he asked. The item should stand over until Mr. Motherwell made his promised statement.

## OUT-BID KING GEORGE.

King George of England was a bidder through an agent for the British Guiana postage stamp which recently sold for more than \$32,000 at the auction sale in Paris of the Ferrari collection, but the prize was obtained for Arthur Hind of Utica, according to Charles J. Phillips, who arrived at New York recently from London as a delegate from the London Rotary Convention in Los Angeles.

Mr. Phillips is among stamp collectors not only as the head of the Stanley Gibbons firm of London, probably the largest stamp dealers in the world, but also as the author of many authoritative works on philately. "There is more money in America than abroad," said Mr. Phillips, "and that is the reason why His Majesty King George was disappointed in not obtaining what is acknowledged to be the scarcest of all postage stamps. I feel safe in saying that his collection of the stamps of Great Britain and the British Colonies is the finest in the world."

Mr. Phillips said that for several years he has known of Mr. Hind's collection, which is particularly rich in United States stamps, and gave him credit for doing a great deal toward raising the standard of scientific collecting in this country. Mr. Hind is a manufacturer of Utica, being president of the Clark Mills and other industrial plants. Besides buying the prize of the Ferrari collection, Mr. Hind also acquired at the same sale all of the choicest United States Postmaster's stamps, including the unique Boscowen (N. H.) 5-cent stamp, on an envelope, for \$11,250; the Lockport stamp for \$8,100, the Alexandria and 10-cent Baltimore stamps for \$6,500 each, and the New Haven 5-cent stamp, on the original envelope, for \$5,250. The Alexandria stamp was the 5-cent on buff paper, and is one of only three known copies, while the 10-cent Baltimore stamp was on the original envelope.—New York Times.

## GAVE UP IN DESPAIR

In taking testimony in the Colton will case some years ago in Washington, a quick-witted old lady had been on the stand for some time on behalf of the proponents of the will. She had testified, among other things, that she was the editor of the "Book of Lineage of the Daughters of the Revolution," of which the late Mrs. Colton had been a member. Joe Redding took her under cross-examination, and he commenced in a casual way: "I suppose, my dear madam, that you and Mrs. Colton may have compared your respective ages in some of your conversations?" "Never," replied the old lady; "I never asked her age. I would not dare take such a liberty even with myself." Mr. Redding made one more effort. "Ah!" said the attorney, "but I can find out both of your ages in the 'Book of Lineage of the Daughters of the Revolution'." "No, you cannot," replied the dame. "It is against the constitution to mention any member's age; it would break up the society." And Joe gave up in despair.

## EASY FOR JOHNNY

The superintendent of schools was visiting a class of very young pupils. He picked on a youngster to quiz and said, "Now, Johnny, I'm going to ask you to solve a very difficult sum. How much is three times eight?" "Twenty-four," the youngster replied promptly. "Well, now, that is excellent. That is very good indeed," said the superintendent. "Damn it," said Johnny "that's perfect!"

## WHY THE EXCESS

A speeding autoist was hailed before a local justice, who imposed a fine of fifteen dollars. The culprit drew a roll of bills and peeled off three tens. "Here," the justice called after his departing back. "There are thirty dollars here!" "I know it," said the released autoist. "I am going out of this town faster than I came in."

# CAPITAL GOSSIP AND PROVINCIAL NEWS

## Ploughing Matches.

Keen interest is being displayed in the ploughing matches to be held at various points this year under the direction of the department of agriculture. The first one will be held June 14th at Vermilion, another at Lamont on June 20th, one at Lacombe on July 21st, and one at Rochester on July 7. Six other points, including Olds, are planning to have matches, though dates have not yet been set. These matches are held under the auspices of the local agricultural societies and under the supervision of the department of agriculture.

It is expected that there will be about 30 field crop competitions in the province this year. Entries are already beginning to come into the office of the Crop Commissioner in the department of agriculture.

## Market for Rye.

An effort is being made by the department of agriculture to establish a market for Alberta rye across the seas. There is a splendid opening this year in France, Russia and other European countries, and W. J. Stephen, crop commissioner of the department, has already written to the trade commissioners of these countries in an endeavor to secure a market for the rye that Alberta will have to market this fall. It is estimated that there may be about 2,000,000 bushels for export this year.

## The Weed Campaign.

A campaign against the weeds of the province is being launched on a larger scale than ever by the department of agriculture this year. The chief aim of the new system adopted is to complete a survey of all the districts in the province and to compile material on the best methods of eradication in each district. The weed branch now has its new weed inspectors on the job.

By an arrangement with the Minister of Municipalities, Hon. R. G. Reid, the weed branch is advising all municipalities as to the method of the department in handling the weed situation, and is asking the co-operation of the municipalities in the campaign. The municipalities are being asked to put their weed inspectors into the field, under power they have in the Municipal Act, and are being asked to conduct a special survey of their municipal districts.

These municipal inspectors are being invited to a convention to be held at Olds on June 16 and 17, at which the inspectors will be asked to give data to the weed branch of their success in eradication of the various weeds found in their districts, and to recommend methods of eradication from their experiences. This convention will be attended by Hon. Geo. Hoadley, minister of agriculture; H. A. Craig, Deputy Minister of Agriculture; W. J. Stephen, Crop Commissioner, and others.

Data collected by these weed inspectors when it is received by the department, will be used in the compilation of a new weed bulletin which will deal particularly with methods of eradication.

Enquiry is being made into the possibility of establishment of a potato flour plant at Edmonton.

Thirty members of the Irish constabulary, advance party of a greater number to arrive later, have taken up residence in the Lloydminster district where they will become farmers.

Dr. D. A. McGibbon, Professor of Economics at the Alberta University, has been named by the Alberta government as special commissioner to investigate the banking situation and the operation of the Bank Act. This is in accordance with an announcement made some time ago by Premier Greenfield that such an enquiry would be conducted.

Members of the Government will make a decision shortly in the application of the Calgary Gas company for permission to cross road allowances with a pipe line by means of which the company plans to transport gas from the Redcliff field near Medicine Hat to augment the supply in Lethbridge and Calgary and other points. The appli-

cation is being supported by the city of Calgary and is being opposed by the city of Medicine Hat and the town of Redcliff, all of whom have sent delegations to interview the government. Medicine Hat and Redcliff claim such a pipe line will deplete the gas field upon which these two places claim to depend for their industrial life. Calgary's present gas supply is almost exhausted which is their reason for supporting the application of the gas company.

The final draft of the new course of public school studies to be put into effect in the beginning of the fall term, was considered by the professional branch of the general committee on revision of the curriculum at a session held in Edmonton the past week.

## Farm young people from all parts

of this province are meeting for their fourth annual course at the University of Alberta. There is a big enrolment and an interesting program has been provided. The course lasts for a week and includes lectures on various farm activities, but especially it is a week in which the young people of the farms are given instruction in the things that make for good citizenship. There is a regular schedule for sports also. So popular has this annual week become that some of the young people come back year after year.

Among the lecturers on the program are Dean Howes, University of Alberta; Prof. G. H. Cutler, Professor A. J. Dowell, A. E. Ottewill, Professor Strickland, A. E. Corbett, Chris. Marker, Mrs. Clarke Fraser, Dr. Percy Talbot, Dr. Archer, Lamont; Miss Smith, D. E. Cameron, Prof. Augustin, Prof. McGregor Smith, George Harcourt and others.

## Women's Institute Convention.

The annual convention of the Women's Institute is in progress this week at Calgary, and will last until Saturday, the convention of Girl's Clubs being held the last two days of the week.

## Extension Work Program.

A very large program of extension work under the auspices of the Women's Institute branch has been prepared for this summer. Eighteen lecturers will be in the field, giving lectures and demonstrations in any matter of interest to women, particularly in health and domestic science. The itinerary has been under way for some time now. The balance of the itinerary is as follows:

Miss Scott in Domestic Science—Demonstration and short course at Vulcan, June 7 to 16, Morinville, June 19 and 20, Tawatinaw, June 21 and 22, Athabasca, June 24 to 26.

Miss Crosby on Health Subjects—High Prairie, June 13 and 14, McLennan, June 15, Peace River, June 17, Griffin Creek, June 20 and 21, Bluesky, June 22 and 23, Vanessa, 24, Waterhole, 25, Spirit River, 26, Sixsmith, July 3, Clairmont, July 5, Valhalla, July 7, La Plante, July 7, Lake Saskatchewan, July 12, Grande Prairie, July 13 to 15.

Miss Lammiman, Domestic Science—Bow Island, June 13, Burdette, June 14, Taber, 16 to 19, Coaldale, June 20, Lethbridge, June 21, Coalhurst, June 22, Nobleford, June 23, Barons, June 24 and 25, Carmangay, June 28 and 29, Champion, June 30, Vulcan, July 3, Kirdkaldy, July 4, Reid Hill, 5th, Vulcan, 6, 7 and 8, Brant, July 10, Gladys, July 11, Aldersyde, 12 and 13, Hanna, July 16, Synnynook, July 18 and 19, Carolside, July 21, Pollockville, July 22, Solberg, July 24, Cessford, July 25, Steveston, July 25, 27 and 28.

Miss DeGuerre, General Subjects—At Okotoks and Midnapore this week. Miss Morkin, Health Subjects—Langdon, June 17, Strathmore, June 19 and 20, Gleichen, June 21, Cluny, June 22, Milo, June 23 and 24, Quenston, June 26, Brooks, June 28, Bassano, June 30, Empress, July 3, Social Plains, July 4, Vandyne, July 5, Blindfold, July 6, Cavendish, July 7 to 10, Idlesleigh, July 12, Patricia, July 13, Millicent, July 14, Duchess, 15 and 16, Gemm, 17th, Bassano, 18th, Nightingale, July 19, Chancellor, 20, Standard, 21, Drumheller, July 25, Nacmine, July 26, Drumheller, 27, Rainbow, 28, Rosedale, 29, Wayne, 31, Crossfield, August 3, Carstairs, 4, Olds, 5 to 7, Innisfail, August 8, Chinook, 16, Rollinson, 17, Cereal, 18 and 19, Lanfane, 21 and 22, Excel, 23 and 25, Three Hills, 30, Trochu, 31, Huxley, Sept. 4, 6, El-nora, 7, Louana, 8, Delburne, 11, Alix, 12, Mirror, 13, Bashaw, 14.

Miss Beaubier, General Subjects—Sibbald, June 21 and 24, Denton, 26th, New Bridge, June 27th, Oyen, 28th. Mrs. Huyck, General Subjects—Galahad, July 6, Alliance, 7 and 8, Bellshill, 11, Merna, 12.

Miss Emmerson, Health Subjects—Red Deer, June 12, Bowden, 15, Eagle Hill, 16, Westward Ho, 19, Sund, 20, Lobley, 21, Mountain House, 22, Munson, 26 to 29, Toftod, 30, Wetaskiwin, July 3, Carstairs, 5, Airdrie, 6, Three Hills, 10, Wimbome, 11, Elnora, 12, Louana, 13.

Mrs. Arthur Murphy, on "Home and Country"—Fort Saskatchewan, July 3, Leduc, 5, Millet, 7, Wetaskiwin, 10, Toftod, 13.

Mrs. Gates, on Citizenship and other subjects—Mecheche, June 19, Delia, 20 and 21, Youngstown, 22, Hanna, 24 and 26.

Mrs. Rogers, General Subjects—Gadsby, July 5, Botha, 6 to 8, Stettler, 10 and 11, Scollard, 12, Erskine, 14, Lacombe, 15, Eckville, 17.

Miss Gossell, on Health Subjects—Veteran, June 19, Talbot, 20 to 21, Federal, 22, Fleet, 23, Sullivan Lake, 24, Halkirk, 26, Ponoka, 28, Kitscoty, July 15, Mayerthorpe, 18 31, Conjur Creek, August 2, Millet, 4, Green-shields, 7, Chauvin, 8, Ribstone, 9, Ed-ertson, 10, Kinsella, 11, Viking, 12, Elden, 14, Ryley, 15, Bruce, 16, Kil-lam, 18, Sedewick, 19, Lougheed, 21, Hardisty, 22, Amisk, 23 to 25, Hughenden, 26 to 28, Buffalo View, 29, Hughenden, 30, Metisko, 31, Cadogan, Sept. 1, Provost, 2 to 4, Hayter, 5.

Miss Moreton—Rockyford, July 3 to 15, Subject, Sewing.

Miss Noble, Women's Institute, General Subjects—Wiste, June 20 and 21, Sedalia, 22, Kiriemuir, 24, Altario, 26, Loyalt, 27, Consort, 28.

Miss McMillan, Subject Health and General Subjects—Vermilion, June 26, Mannville, 27, Minburn, 28, Innesfree, 29, Vegreville, 30, Fawcett, July 11, Westlock, 13 to 14, Picardville, 15, Busby, 18, 21, Blackfalds, August 1, Hillsdown, 2, Pendohld, 4, Kneehill Valley, 5, Pincher Creek, 14 to 16, Cowley, 18, Beaver Mines, 19, Lundbreck, 20, Coleman, 21, Wetaskiwin, 28, Ponoka, 29, Clive, 30, Olds, Sept. 1, Disbury, 2, Calgary, 5, Airdrie, 6, Edmonton, 7.

Mrs. Davidson, Subject Domestic Science—Manyberries, July 5 to 11, Raymond, 13 to 23 and August 2, Barnwell, August 4 to 14.

Miss Mosey, Dressmaking—Camrose, July 15, Chanton, 17 to 20, Bawlf, 17 to 20, Westlock, August 1 to 11, High River, July 15 to 25, Valhalla, August 29, Sept 7th.

Miss Suttaby, General Subjects—New Dayton, June 19 to 21, Warren, 22 to 25, Milk River, 26 to 30, Hacks, July 3, Del Bonita, 5, Allerson, 7, Gahern 20 to 22.

Chokery—Nobleford, July 12, 14, Granum, 17 to 19, Langdon, 25 to 27.

THE GRASSHOPPER CAMPAIGN.

"The grasshopper organization in the province is working like a well-oiled piece of machinery now, and in some localities in the south we have received reports, where the organization and co-operation of the farmers has been complete, the grasshopper pest has been checked," said Hon. Geo. Hoadley, minister of agriculture, in a statement issued in regard to the campaign against the hopper pest.

"During my tour of the south," said Mr. Hoadley, "I found two or three isolated places with a shortage of poison bait, but generally speaking, every locality was well organized for the campaign with a good supply of poison. The department now has ample material for poison bait on hand and there is no danger of a shortage. The proper handling of the campaign.

"The farmers are entering keenly into the spirit of the campaign, and their enthusiasm is considerably stimulated by the fact that the grasshoppers are hatching out in millions.

Stupendous efforts are being put forth by the agricultural department to meet the situation and carry on the organization, which is complete in every way, and we have the satisfaction of knowing that our plans are being heartily endorsed. We are receiving letters every day of offers of co-operation and of congratulation to the government in having passed the pests act and in having taken hold of the organization so thoroughly this year. The opinion is expressed in these letters that if this had not been done, the crop in whole districts would have been wiped out. We have the satisfaction of knowing that as a consequence of the effectiveness of the organization, the percentage of crop lost will be comparatively small. It must be emphasized, however, that there must be no relaxation of the vigorous campaign inaugurated by the farmers.

H. E. Strickland, entomologist, has made a report to Mr. Hoadley on the results of certain experiments in various kinds of poison bait. Mr. Strickland's report is summarized as follows:

"The recent hot weather has resulted in a very rapid hatching of grasshoppers throughout the infested portion of the province. The demands for poison bait are so great that, though there are nearly 200 mixing stations now operating in the province, each of which can turn out about two tons of the prepared bait, it has been found necessary at some of them to put on a night shift to cope with the demand.

"Gratifying reports of the rapidity with which the bait has held outbreaks in check have been received from many localities, though some disappointment has been expressed in some districts where the season has been exceptionally hot, dry and windy, and that despite the fact that enormous numbers have been killed by the bait, they are moving so rapidly into the grain fields that severe damage has been done.

"This is due to several causes, but mainly to the fact that under such conditions it is impossible to keep the bait

moist for many minutes after it has been scattered. The small grasshoppers feed very little on bait after it is thoroughly dry, even though later in the season they will take the dry bait, especially when it contains salt. In such cases repeated applications of bait may be necessary till the majority of the pest have been exterminated.

## Time of Day To Apply Bait.

"Despite the hot days the nights have been cold and the grasshoppers are not feeding to any extent until comparatively late in the morning with the result that much of the bait that has been scattered soon after sunrise has dried out before feeding begins. When the soil is moist and the nights are warmer, the early applications give the best results, but under existing conditions, a greater killing will be obtained if the bait is scattered between 6.30 and 9 in the morning, when the hoppers have begun to feed, but have not scattered extensively. Bait applied later in the day dries out so rapidly that its effectiveness is quickly lost, and any that is applied in the evening when the grasshoppers are feeding very little, is almost entirely wasted.

"Though it has been recommended that the salt formula be given a trial in all districts in order that the expense of the campaign may be reduced wherever possible, there are many districts in which the farmers are afraid that it may not be effective and they are still using nothing but the more expensive molasses formula. This is unfortunate since in several places the salt bait has proved as satisfactory in every way as the molasses and its use is greatly reducing the cost of control in those districts. In the province of Manitoba where an extensive campaign has been conducted for the past three years, no molasses has been used since 1919 and the grasshoppers have been practically exterminated over large areas by the sole use of the bran, sawdust and salt formula. It is therefore urged that this material be given a more general trial. In all cases the molasses can be reduced to one gallon and the salt increased to five pounds per hundred without appreciably affecting the value of the bait.

"The recent rains will greatly increase the effectiveness of the bait since it will retain its moisture for a considerably longer period and the hoppers will scatter less rapidly through the fields.

"We have found in former years that when the hoppers are half grown, they are more strongly attracted to salt and that they will feed more extensively on sawdust. For this reason a further economy can be practiced, viz., that of reducing the bran and increasing the sawdust in the bait. Recent experiments, conducted in a district where the majority of the hoppers were already in the second stage showed that as large numbers were killed by a bait composed of 1-3 bran and 2-3 sawdust treated with salt and arsenic as by the more expensive 50-50 formula containing molasses. We would recommend that this also be tried in every locality and when it is found to give satisfactory results that it be used to reduce still further the heavy expense in connection with controlling the grasshoppers."

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# THE EMPRESS THEATRE CURRENT ATTRACTIONS

## WALLACE REID'S NEW PICTURE IS FASCINATING

When "The Hell Diggers" comes to the Empress Theatre next Friday and Saturday picture fans will be fascinated, no doubt, by the wonderful machines whose nickname has given the title to the picture. These are enormous gold dredges used in certain sections of California for scooping up the earth with its precious contents.

When Wallace Reid, the star in this Paramount picture, went on location to work in close proximity to the dredges, he was mightily impressed by the strange, almost life-like quality of the monster engines.

"They made me think," he said, afterward, "of those strange creatures from Mars, of which H. G. Wells told in 'The War of the Worlds' and yet they are nothing like them. But they seem human—or superhuman—and their power and capacity are unbelievable. No one could help being impressed, yet they appealed to me as the creations of some imaginative writer's dreams—things the like of which was never seen on land or sea."

There is a charming love story in which Lois Wilson is the girl. Frank Urson directed and the story is by Byron Morgan, who made a close study of the "hell diggers" and believes they offer an unique quality for

motion picture drama.

Wallace Reid has a virile role, as superintendent of the work at the mines. Others in the cast include Alexander Brown, Frank Leigh, Lucien Littlefield, Clarence Geldart and Bud Post, "the tallest man in the movies."

## CAROL DEMPSTER

Here are three reasons why Miss Carol Dempster, who will soon be seen in the United Artists' production, "The Love Flower," at the Empress Theatre, is one of the principal players in the D. W. Griffith motion picture organization:

1. She probably is the most graceful in movements of any young woman now in pictures.

2. She has a peculiar type of beauty that appeals both to men and women; a type that causes a mother to think of her as a daughter and a son to consider her as a sister.

3. She has a sincerity, real in sincerity that the camera does not fail to register. She never appears to be just acting.

Ask any motion picture director and he will tell you that these points would be nine-tenths of the battle in the fight for success, and any girl possessing but one of them would stand a good chance of seeing her

name in electric lights before many years of earnest effort.

Carol Dempster is a good-natured young lady of but eighteen summers, has been well brought up with a love for home life and respect for parents. Aside from a few months when she was attending a private school for young ladies in New York City, she never had been away from her mother, which probably accounts for the lack of cynicism which is paramount in her make-up.

## HOUSE PETERS IN THE EQUITY PICTURE "SILK HUSBANDS AND CALICO WIVES"

"Silk Husbands and Calico Wives," Equity Pictures' Special production starring House Peters, which is to be shown at the Empress Theatre on Monday and Tuesday, will be highly interesting to local moving picture devotees for a number of reasons.

The picture is based on the Monte M. Katterjohn's popular novel of American life, a thoroughly and intensely modern story dealing with both country and city. No finer or truer to life picture has ever appeared on the screen—it is intensely absorbing and timely with a beautiful love story running through it. The story depicts vividly the struggles of two young people making their start in life fresh from the country. They are full of the enthusiasm of youth and are thrilled in their call of the great city, when the offer comes to go to New York. What the tumult of the metropolis makes of them, this strong man and woman who, in the midst of all their struggles to establish themselves have found romance and a great love is the big, human theme of "Silk Husbands and Calico Wives." It is a story that reaches down deep in the heart of every human being, and starts folks to talking and thinking.

Mr. House Peters, returns to the screen after an absence of eighteen months on the farther side of the continent where he appeared in American made pictures. Mr. Peters has long been an idol of the film loving public, and his virile, red-blooded type of character portrayal, and his magnificent successes in "The Girl of the Golden West" and "The Great Divide" are still regarded as among the very best portrayals of screen history.

Harry Carson has surrounded the star with a cast of admirable distinction. Vincent Serrano, who played the role of the Yogi in "Eyes of Youth," will be seen in a prominent part, Sam Sothern, also seen in the "Eyes of Youth" will be seen in a prominent character. In addition Eva Novak, Mildred Reardon, Edward M. Kimball and Ruth Sinclair rounds out the cast.

"Silk Husbands and Calico Wives" was completed nearly a month ago and is now being shown in the leading theatres of the United States. The production is one of the most absorbing of screen stories.

Not one woman in ten thousand would do what this girl of nature, this child of all that was good and true and wholesome. Gratitude is the rosemary of the heart, but greater love has no one than they that would willingly give their life to save another. Yet this girl, without the knowledge of her father, plotted to give away all that was near and dear to her, even to the extent of her own life, to save for him a few more happy days on earth.

The development of this theme Mr. Griffith has handled in a most masterly manner. His players, headed by Richard Barthelmess and Carroll Dempster are par-excellent in this production. The settings are exquisite wonders of exterior beauty and interior perfection. The whole is a creation of Griffith perfection. It is proving to be an achievement of splendid merit everywhere and has gathered for Mr. Griffith untold praises, adding more laurels to the many achievements he has accomplished during the past ten years.

It is with much pride that Manager Cutler of the Empress Theatre announces the coming of this production,



Donald Crisp in the Paramount Picture  
"The Hell Diggers" at the  
EMPRESS THEATRE WED. & THURS.

## LOIS WILSON WITH WALLY REID IN FINE FILM

Dainty Paramount Player Has Excellent Role in "The Hell Diggers"

Lois Wilson, leading woman in the three notable William DeMille productions, "Midsummer Madness," "What Every Woman Knows," and "The Lost Romance," plays the leading woman's role opposite Wallace Reid in his latest Paramount picture, "The Hell Diggers," which will be shown at the Empress Theatre next Friday and Saturday.

This is not Miss Wilson's first appearance with the popular "Wally." She will be recalled as Virginia MacMurrin, daughter of the motor truck manufacturer in "What's Your Hurry?"

The remainder of the cast is composed of several players noted for their screen achievements. The role of John Wade is interpreted by Alexander Brown, famous both on stage and screen. Other important character roles are portrayed by Frank Leigh, Lucien Littlefield, Clarence Geldart and Buddy Post. The last named is one of the biggest men on the screen, measuring six feet six, and he provides the comedy relief in the new production.

## D. W. GRIFFITH'S LATEST SENSATION HERE SOON

Newest United Artists' Production of  
Eminent Screen Master to be  
Shown at Empress Theatre  
Soon

The master screen craftsman, David Wark Griffith, producer of the screen's greatest sensations, creator of the most advanced innovations in motion picture productions, finder and developer of the world's greatest screen stars, has produced another wonderful production, "The Love Flower," which is being heralded everywhere as a creation of exquisite beauty, haunting charm and spirited drama. United Artists Corporation recently announced its release and the first showing of this newest Griffith production in this community will be at the Empress Theatre soon.

Words of the most superlative degree and descriptions of the most laudatory nature have not been found to express in adequate terms this wonderful picture play of love and adventure such as only a Griffith, a master may reveal in all its beauty, strength and excitement. Critics have pronounced it one of the most remarkable productions that has ever come from this master hand and fans everywhere have revelled in its beauty and excitement and heralded it as a production comparable only with the most wonderful that has come to the screen in the past few years.

Its theme, primarily, is of unusual interest, interwoven with side lights of intricate complications that add materially to its action, its heart interest, its suspense and its ultimate justification, for it is an unusually dramatic story of the wonderful love of a daughter for her heart-broken father, who being hounded to the very end of the world, dares to plan the undoing of the man who is desirous of bringing ultimate disgrace upon the very light of her heart and soul and unhappiness to her every thought.

Not one woman in ten thousand would do what this daughter dared to do to save her father. Not one person of her sex in many times that number would have clung to the heart strings of her parents, through their many trials and tribulations, with every atom of the strength of her frail body, as did this girl of nature, this child of all that was good and true and wholesome. Gratitude is the rosemary of the heart, but greater love has no one than they that would willingly give their life to save another. Yet this girl, without the knowledge of her father, plotted to give away all that was near and dear to her, even to the extent of her own life, to save for him a few more happy days on earth.

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It is with much pride that Manager Cutler of the Empress Theatre announces the coming of this production,



**DON'T  
DO  
THIS!**

**LEONARD  
EAR OIL**

RELIEVES DEAFNESS AND  
STOPS HEAD NOISES  
"Rub it in Back of the Ears"  
(Never Put in Ears)  
(Insert in Nostrils)

Deafness is greatly relieved by a simple treatment with Leonard Ear Oil. Special instructions by a noted Ear Specialist for different kinds of Deafness and Head Noises contained in each Package. Leonard Ear Oil is not an experiment, but has had a successful sale since 1907. "You cannot afford to be deaf." TRY THIS OIL. It has helped thousands of people. Why not you? Descriptive circular upon request.

**MADE IN CANADA**  
L. H. BODINGTON Co., Sales Agents, Toronto  
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For Sale in Macleod by A. D. Ferguson and All Good Druggists.

the latest to be issued by the United Artists, better known among the picture fans as the "Big Four" since its leading producers comprise none other than Mary Pickford, Douglas Fairbanks, Charlie Chaplin and David W. Griffith.

## GENERAL LUDENDORFF DISCUSSES AMERICANS

In contributing an article to the Atlantic Monthly about the part the United States played in the war, General Erich von Ludendorff was handicapped by political misinformation and by his inveterate German psychology. He believes, for instance, that in 1913 a "gentlemen's agreement" existed between "important men in France, England and the United States" to combat the "Pan-Germanism danger," the United States binding itself "to interfere in case of a war with Germany and Austria." Thus General Ludendorff unwittingly admits that Germany and Austria were of a mind to engage in a war on the Continent. His "gentlemen's agreement" is, of course, a figment of the imagination. General Ludendorff cannot be familiar with international law when he condemns the United States for allowing munitions of war to be shipped to Great Britain and France, says the New York Times. War material would as certainly have been sent to Germany if her fleet could have disputed the mastery of the sea with Great Britain. President Wilson's notes to that country upon the blockade of the German ports the General ignores.

**Strained Relations**

It is inconceivable that they escaped his notice. Yet there was a time when British interference with American ships strained the relations of the two countries. The General can see in episodes that gave comfort and hope to the pro-Germans here nothing but by-play for effect. Could anything be more amusing than his statement that "at the beginning of the war almost all neutral states stopped their export of war material"? Those that were neighbors of Germany certainly did, but only because they feared her. Under international law the business of selling war material was legitimate. "Long before the war with the United States broke



Wallace Reid  
in the Paramount Picture  
"The Hell Diggers"  
EMPRESS FRIDAY & SATURDAY

## Presbyterian Entertainment.

The entertainment put on in the Empress Theatre last Tuesday evening by the children of the Presbyterian Church drew a capacity house, which was very pleasing. The excellence of the various numbers rendered was a surprise to all. There was not the slightest hitch noticeable at any time, the children from the oldest to the very youngest performing in a manner which must have been most gratifying to the ladies having the entertainment in hand. This thought has been given expression to: Would it not be a first rate idea to get up an entertainment in which the children of all denominations could take a part? The training thus received would be most beneficial and the pleasure the general public would derive from the putting on of such a performance would be immense. Mrs. McDonald and Mrs. Cunningham, who have had the children in hand for some weeks past have every reason to be proud of the great success attending their efforts. Mrs. Cutler very kindly presided at the piano.

out," says General Ludendorff, "German Headquarters was quite aware that the United States Government would not allow the Germans to be victorious over the Entente."

## The Machiavellian Wilson

If that were true, the persistence of the Germans in the war was a species of lunacy. A very Machiavellian Woodrow Wilson, according to Ludendorff, who declares that the President's peace overture in the Winter of 1916-17 was disingenuous and veiled a policy to enter the war—possibly in pursuance of America's obligations under the "gentlemen's agreement" of 1913. In spite of the General's information that the United States would not allow the Central Powers to prevail over the Entente, he makes it clear that he believed American intervention in April, 1917, would not turn the tide of war, because the "American military support would not arrive soon enough and, consequently, would not come into full effect." He is not frank enough to admit the meaning of the entrance of the United States with its 100,000,000 people and vast material resources. Still he understood it, for after the failure of the Germans, who lacked trained reinforcements, to strike "a third blow" at the French front upon the heels of the Flanders offensive, April 9-17, 1918, "I was aware," he says, "that the difficulty of deciding the war before the American support became effective grew more and more." He gives the Americans the credit they deserve for their splendid aggressiveness at Chateau-Thierry, but he does not remember that the hard-fighting Moroccan division of the French Army shared their glory.

## Poisoned a Beautiful Spirit

In fact, in this article General Ludendorff has nothing to say about the French and British Armies as contributing factors in the common achievement. He does emphasize, however, the "return to form" of those armies when the youthful and vigorous Americans appeared on the field, but even the Americans do not get full credit for their prowess. To quote Ludendorff, "the main part of the American Army intervened in the war at a time when they had the great advantage of having their nerves intact, while, on the other hand, Germany's resistance had considerably slackened after four years of heroic fighting against an overwhelming superiority in numbers," and we are told that "the revolutionary agitation of the Independent Social Democrats had poisoned the beautiful spirit of the German Army."

## Americans Were Lucky

General Ludendorff's article is a brief of the usual German kind, but perhaps it is human nature for the protagonist of a defeated nation to argue as he does. St. Mihiel was an American victory because the German General Staff decided to withdraw "the troops into the chard positions in the Wever plain." The statement is made that "weak German forces, chiefly Landwehr, some worn-out active and reserve divisions and an Austro-Hungarian division" were caught napping and driven back, but they were overwhelmed by "eleven American divisions." Nor does the General do justice to the American offensive in the Argonne. In conclusion, "I believe," he says, "that the Americans have common sense enough to agree that lucky circumstances favored them greatly."

## MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Under and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by the Land Titles Act, and under a certain Order of the Registrar, Netherlands Investment Company of Canada Limited will offer for sale until the Fifteenth day of July, 1922, the following property, namely:—

South-East quarter of Section Ten (10), and those portions of the East half of Section Three (3) lying north and west of the Waterton River, all in Township Six (6), Range Twenty-Six (26), West of the Fourth Meridian, resting unto His Majesty all mines and minerals.

The Vendor is informed that the above property is situated about twenty (20) miles from the town of Macleod. The soil is black loam, sixty acres being cultivated.

There is a five roomed house, an addition thereto, and a barn 20 feet by 30 feet, and other outbuildings erected on the lands, with a good supply of spring water, and over a mile of wire fencing.

Terms of Sale to be 25 per cent. cash and terms to be arranged.

For further particulars apply to Loughhead, Bennett & Company, Calgary, Alberta, Solicitors for Netherlands Investment Company of Canada, Limited.

31-12, 14, 17

## Married.

Galbraith—Drinkwater—At the Roman Catholic Mission on Monday, June 5th, by the Rev. Father Rouleau, William Maxwell Galbraith to Gladys Drinkwater, both of Macleod. The bride looked charming in a navy blue dress with hat to match. The happy couple left on the 9th instant for Vancouver and other coast cities, to be absent a month. The many friends of the newly wedded pair wish them long life and much happiness.

Originally a grocer was a grosser, one who sold things by the gross, or a wholesaler. Why the word has changed to its modern form of spelling is not known.

## WE do not use any guess- work

in our tests each step is the result of LONG EXPERIENCE AND SKILL. It generally takes but a short time to correct the vision and we back our work so that you cannot lose.

## LET US TEST YOUR EYES

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Leave orders at H. H. Young's  
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PLUMBING — GASFITTING  
AND TINSMITHING  
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**Kosy Korner**  
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## Service Garage LET US FIX YOUR RADIATOR

If your radiator leaks bring it in to us and let us examine it and give you a price on repairing it.

WE HAVE INSTALLED THE LATEST TYPE OF RADIATOR REPAIR OUTFIT AND ARE PREPARED TO MAKE OLD AND FROZEN RADIATORS AS GOOD AS NEW AT VERY REASONABLE PRICES.

NO NEED TO SPEND MONEY ON RADIATOR DOPE, NO CUTTING OFF OF TUBES OR REMOVING FINS, NO DEFACING IN ANY WAY. PERMANENT REPAIR, PRICES REASONABLE, WORK GUARANTEED—CALL AND SEE US. OTHER REPAIR WORK AS USUAL.

Accessories and Supplies for Your Car  
Free Storage Until 12 O'clock at Night

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LOOK OVER YOUR MACHINE AND GET YOUR REPAIRS EARLY

## DILATUSH & MCPHERSON

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that the individual you have selected for your Executor may from death, insolvency, or some other reason, be unable to carry out his Trust. In that event the management of your affairs may pass into hands quite unknown, and possibly undesirable, to you.

Why not appoint this Company as EXECUTOR under your WILL and thus avoid this contingency.

It has every qualification to offer than can be desired in an Executor.

Enquiries are welcomed, and they will receive prompt and individual attention.

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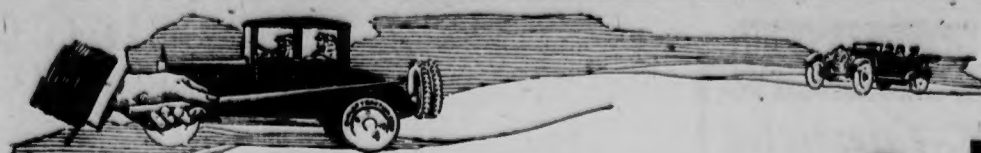
## BRINGING UP FATHER



## By G. McManus

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## DUNLOP

### CORD TIRES FABRIC

"There's something in the Quality of Dunlop Tires that's missing from other tires. Don't know what it is, but when I make that quick stop I know instantly I have Dunlop Tires on!"

One motorist thus spoke for himself. He really was speaking for thousands of car owners.

Live Rubber and Best Egyptian Cotton go into Dunlop Cords and Fabrics. No shoddy, no skimping. The day of the short-mileage tire is gone; the day of the high-mileage tire is here; and when "tire-mileage" is up for discussion now, you find the word "remarkable" generally precedes a reference to DUNLOP.

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The inhabitants of Ashbury Park, N.J., were up against it for a water supply, the creek furnishing a supply having burst its banks and emptying the city reservoir. The engineer tried to get a pumping outfit with which to draw a supply from the creek but failed to secure one. Then an idea struck him. He remembered that he had a centrifugal pump in his store house dismantled some seven or eight years before. He immediately had this

brought to the brookside and rigged up. In the meantime he attached a pulley to the rear wheel of a Ford runabout car, blocked up the rear wheels attached a belt to one of them and pumped the water from the brook to our coagulating tank, thus saving the day. The outfit pumped 750,000 gallons of water in 24 hours. Good for Lizzie.

### LILACS

Lilac blossoms bring to me Dreams of a home that used to be; A creaking gate, where keeping guard Lilacs stood by the old farm-yard; The sun and wind and rain of Spring, Whispered to them of blossoming; Till soon a vase in a sunny room Was fragrant with purple lilac bloom.

Open windows and apple trees, Trying to rival the lilac breeze; But all the fragrance of apple-blow, Was naught to the stately lilac row Standing erect by the dreaming gate, Their lofty plumes with joy elate, Smiling to see a treckled lad Reaching to touch the royal clad.

Smiling perhaps, the sweeter still, As mother vase he sought to fill; Knowing she loved them, watched each sign of leaf and bud in lilac time. Springtime voices and breath of May, Years have taken so much away! Gone is the boy and sunny room, And sadness clings round the lilac bloom. —Aileen Ward.

It is estimated that 105 million matches are used every day in Canada, or twelve to each person.

A match head does not think and when it is irritated it becomes excited and bursts into flame.

Two thousand years ago, the great apostle wrote, "Behold what a great matter a little fire kindleth." To-day, it gets the same little start and works the same big havoc. Have you any little fires on your conscience?—The Underwriter.

One of the most puzzling words is haberdasher. This was formerly a pedlar who went round to fairs selling ribbons, buttons, and other small articles which he carried in a sack. His name comes from two old words—hafer, meaning oats, and tasche, a sack.

A Michigan farmer was startled when he went to his coop and found a newly hatched duck running about on its back. The farmer pursued the elusive fowl and found it had four feet, two on its back and two in regular position. When its natural legs became weary, it executed a flop and began prancing around on the other pair. The farmer intends to find out if the duck can swim on its back.

No paper can be published without home patronage, and every intelligent, wide-awake man is interested in keeping up a home paper. If a railroad or some other enterprise is wanted, the newspapers are expected to work for it. The newspaper must put the schools and everything else to advance the interests of the business men of the place and then give them a handsome notice when they pass away. And yet some of them do nothing to keep up a home paper. Do you?

The name "gopher" which is loosely applied to a variety of animals in different parts of the American continent is a corruption of the French word "gaufre," meaning a honey-comb. It was applied by settlers to a number of burrowing animals from their habit of honey-combing the earth. In Canada and Illinois the name is to-day applied to the grey burrowing squirrel and in Wisconsin to the grey-striped squirrel which, in this section, is called a chipmunk. In Missouri a gopher is a brown pouched rat, in Georgia he is a snake, and in Florida he is a turtle. Minnesota is called the Gopher State from the fact that the striped squirrel was formerly found there in great numbers.

From Pokorovsk in the Russian province of Saratov the Daily News received a card sent by a man who asked that a package of food be forwarded to him through the American Relief Administration. Attached to the card to pay the postage was a sheet of 40 100-rouble stamps. In other words, to send a card by mail from Russia to Chicago now costs 4,000 roubles, a sum which before the war and the bolshevik revolution was equivalent to \$2,000, and is now the equivalent of five cents or less. Surely the bolshevik governors of Russia must congratulate themselves on their success in devaluing Russia's money. And the worth of their money seems to be a very reliable index as to the worth of their government.—Chicago Daily News.

### Farewell Dance.

The officers, non-commissioned officers and men of "M" division, R. C. M. Police, gave a farewell dance in their barracks on the evening of Monday last, which was attended by nearly 500 of their civilian friends, the occasion being the approaching departure of the troop from Macleod. Many ex-policemen attended, one and all expressing deep regret at the withdrawal of the men from this section of the district, the force having been stationed here continuously since the year 1874. The ball room was handsomely decorated for the occasion, and elaborate arrangements had been made for the comfort of guests. The music was supplied by the Blue Bird orchestra brought up from Lethbridge especially for the occasion. The dance broke up at about 3.30 being greatly enjoyed by all.

### DIED.

John Steinhoff.

Died, at the ranch, near Macleod, on Monday last, June 5th, 1922, John Steinhoff, aged 74 years. Mr. Steinhoff came to Alberta in 1883, taking up land in the Willow Creek district. In 1898, he went to the Yukon, where he remained until 1906, when he returned to Macleod, again engaging in ranching which he continued until his death. He has suffered some three years from the effects of a sunstroke, which is thought to have hastened his death. Mrs. Steinhoff survives him. The funeral was held on Wednesday, interment being made in the Union cemetery. The Rev. Mr. Armstrong officiated. Thus passes away another and greatly respected old-timer from our midst.

F. Robert McGrail-Reach.

Died, at the family residence, 23rd Street, on Friday, June 9th, F. Robert McGrail Reach, at the early age of 19. "Bobby," who was of a bright and sunny disposition, had been a sufferer for a long time and his death, while not entirely unexpected, came as a great shock to his many friends in town and district. The funeral was held from the Roman Catholic Church, Monday at 9.30 a.m., and was largely attended.

Our local optometrists R. W. Russell and J. T. Doney attended the annual convention at Calgary on Monday and Tuesday. This convention is set for Edmonton next year.

### PROVED IT BY THE BIBLE

A Korean who had been in mission service for a number of years was at last discovered to have two wives—a very common practice in Korea. It was the duty of the mission board to admonish the bigamist and persuade him to put away his second wife. The Korean demanded a Bible statement to the effect that his course was sinful. The Bible was ransacked, but for a time fruitlessly. Finally, a devout Korean brother produced a text that he announced was indisputable evidence that two wives were contrary to Bible theology and thereupon read: "No man can serve two masters."

### Tenders Wanted.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tenders for the D. Mills land," will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th of July, 1922, for the purchase of this property near Standoff owned by the late David Mills, being "all of those portions of the north half of the north half of section two (2), in Township Seven (7), Range twenty-five (25), West of the 4th Meridian, which are not covered by any of the waters of the Belly River, containing 155 acres, more or less." Tenderers please make two offers, one to be paid cash in full and the other half cash with the balance payable in three equal annual payments with interest at seven per cent. per annum. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

R. N. WILSON,  
Standoff, Alberta.  
June 8, 1922. 14-4t

### LAND FOR SALE

The Soldier Settlement Board of Canada Offers For Sale by Public Tender:

South-west Quarter (S.W. 1/4), Section fourteen (14), Township six (6), Range Thirty (30), West of the fourth (4th) Meridian.

Terms of sale to duly qualified soldier settlers are 10% of the purchase price in cash on acceptance of the tender, and the balance in twenty-five equal, annual instalments, with interest at 5% per annum on the amortization plan.

To civilians the terms of sale are 20% cash and the balance in nine equal, annual instalments, with interest at 6% per annum.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque for 10% of the tender offered. If tender is accepted, this sum will be credited to the purchase price of the land. If tender is not accepted the money will be returned to the tenderer.

Tenders will be opened Thursday, June 29th, 1922.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. If the land is not sold on the date above mentioned, the Board will be prepared to receive tenders to purchase until such time as it is finally disposed of.

Tenders should be in plain envelopes marked "Tender for the purchase of the DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT, SOLDIER SETTLEMENT BOARD, Dated at Calgary this 13th day of June, 1922." 15-1t

## If You Trade Out of Town, and I Trade Out of Town WHAT WILL BECOME OF OUR TOWN? THE DOLLAR SPENT IN MACLEOD WILL "REMAIN HOME TO BOOST" THE MACLEOD TIMES "TRADE AT HOME" CAMPAIGN

### READ THE "TRADE AT HOME" ARTICLE ON THIS PAGE CAREFULLY

IT MAY  
PRESENT  
SOMETHING  
YOU  
HAVEN'T THOUGHT  
OF BEFORE.  
PATRONIZE  
THE PEOPLE WHOSE  
ADVERTISEMENTS  
ARE HERE.  
THEY ARE  
NEIGHBORS  
AND WILL  
TREAT  
YOU RIGHT.  
THE MONEY  
YOU  
SPEND  
WITH THEM  
STAYS  
IN CIRCULATION  
IN  
YOUR DISTRICT.

YOU SHOULD BE AS LOYAL TO  
YOUR COMMUNITY AS  
TO YOUR NAME.

(Copyright)

The Macleod concerns listed here, conscious of the fact that thousands of dollars are being sent out of this territory for merchandise that can be bought at home, have launched a campaign in the hope that it will create a stronger feeling of community interest—a sentiment most vital for the prosperity of the entire community. In bold type you therefore read the slogan that they propose to popularize "TRADE IN YOUR HOME TOWN."

The time for consideration of this question could not be more opportune than the present. "Preparedness," the watchword of Canada, should begin at home and can be exemplified in no more far-reaching manner than by real co-operation in this vitally important "TRADE AT HOME" movement. It is a thought that should be taken to heart and given consideration by every person who earns their living in, or owes their success to, this community.

This campaign is launched in the firm belief that the people of this community will follow the dictates of their good sense, and bring the "TRADE AT HOME CAMPAIGN" to an actuality that will be of vast benefit to the entire territory.

This movement is no selfish propaganda of these progressive concerns who have combined in co-operative community appeal. They urge that you read the brief message they will give you each week through the columns of The Times.

The firm resolve to "TRADE AT HOME" will not only help the retail merchants, but the manufacturer and jobber, the farmers adjacent to our town, and it will also help in every line of business. It will either directly or indirectly benefit every individual of this section.

### BUTCHERS

ASK FOR SHAMROCK BRAND  
HAMS — BACON — LARD

Alberta's Finest Products  
Fresh and Canned Meats of all kinds.

P. BURNS AND CO., LIMITED.

### CONFECTIONERY

CHOCOLATES AND CANDIES  
BOXED AND BULK  
ICE CREAM — FANCY DRINKS  
FRUITS IN SEASON  
CHINA, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY  
COSY CORNER VARIETY &  
CANDY STORE

CONFECTIONERY, TOBACCO  
NEWS DEALER

The Best Selection of Moirs and Neilson's Chocolates and High Class Confectionery

Finest Stock of Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

STATIONERY

Local Agent for Calgary Daily Herald

W. WHITWORTH

NEXT TO TOWN HALL

### DRUGGISTS

DRUGS  
Drug Sundries, Toilet Requisites, Sick Room Supplies, Rubber Goods, Stationery, Perfumes. Full line of famous Penslar Remedies. Our prescription department is equipped to give you service on all dispensing. Bring your prescriptions to us.

R. D. MCNAY

WE HAVE  
GOOD REPORTS OF  
MARLATT'S SPECIFIC  
FOR  
GALL STONES  
A. D. FERGUSON  
THE REXALL STORES

FARM IMPLEMENTS

### PERSONAL SERVICE

A square deal with every purchase—as well as Farm Machine Agencies second to none in your protection on all machinery bought through us.

AGENTS FOR I. H. C. FARM MACHINERY AND MCLAUGHLIN CARS

H. H. YOUNG

### FLOUR MILLS

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY

If you are not acquainted with our excellent brands of flour we invite you to ask for

OUR HIGH GRADE FLOURS

You pay no more for good flour—properly milled—from us. We assure you satisfaction.

MACLEOD FLOURING MILLS, LIMITED

### GENERAL STORES

### WE ENDEAVOR

at all times to anticipate your requirements here in Macleod. We carry a large and moderately priced stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Men's and Boys' Wear and we urge you to inspect our stock before buying elsewhere.

R. T. BARKER

### CO-OPERATION MEANS STRENGTH

Co-operative buying means lessened cost to you, the customer. Why not deal with an organization which shows you a practical way to save. Let us supply your wants.

THE MACLEOD U. F. A. CO-OPERATIVE ASS'N, LTD.

### GARAGES

SERVICE GARAGE

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CARS

COCKSHUTT FARM MACHINERY

IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS

Box 184 Phone 76

N. W. DILATASH

FORDSON TRACTORS

FORD CARS — FORD TRUCKS

Ford Tractor ..... \$395.00 Dearborn

Ford Touring with starter \$726 at Macleod

Genuine Ford Parts away down. Used Fords \$150.00 Up.

MACLEOD MOTOR SALES, LTD.

### GROCERIES

### GROCERIES

FRESH FRUITS IN SEASON  
CHINA AND GLASSWARE

Large, well assorted stock. Splendid assortment. Reasonable Prices.

MACLEOD SUPPLY COMPANY LIMITED

LET US SUPPLY—  
YOUR HOME WITH CHOICE GROCERIES DAILY

We carry an abundant stock of wholesome table necessities and pure food products. We seek your patronage on a basis of merit only. Keep your money at home.

THE WHITE HALL

### HARNESS

### HARNESS—SADDLERY

TRAVELLING GOODS

SHOE FINDINGS, ROBES, TENTS, GLOVES, MITTS, OVERALLS

Come and get our prices.

THE GREAT WEST SADDLERY CO., LIMITED.

### HARDWARE

### SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE

PAINTS — OILS — VARNISHES

Make this store your headquarters for Hardware.

### THE CUNNINGHAM HARDWARE

### IF IT'S HARDWARE WE HAVE IT:

If we haven't got it we will get it for you; if we can't get it it isn't made. This is our business policy plus the fact that moderate prices prevail in all lines.

W. G. ANDREWS

### JEWELLERS

WE WOULD BE GLAD TO ADVISE YOU ON ANY MATTER PERTAINING TO JEWELLERY

and we invite comparison and inspection of our large stock. Many of our lines are exclusive—all are moderately priced. Repairing.

RICHARD W. RUSSELL

### THIS STORE'S POLICY

TO REPRESENT GOODS EXACTLY AS TO QUALITY:

to sell each customer jewellery values at a uniform fair price; to fulfill all guarantees; to cheerfully correct all mistakes; to give all a square deal.

JOHN T. DONEY

### LUMBER

### CONCERNING LUMBER

We meet all competitors' prices in Lumber and Building Materials. We would be glad to advise you on your requirements. No order too small or too large. We invite you to consult with us.

McLAREN LUMBER CO.

### MEN'S WEAR

### THE PROGRESSIVE MAN

will keep his money in his own community. This up-to-date Men's Store caters to the apparel requisites of the Progressive Man. Splendid Boys' Department. Dr. Scholl's Arch Supports. Buy in Macleod.

J. T. MARKS

### MILLINERY

### LADIES OF MACLEOD

you will find the benefit of my advice regarding your personal millinery requirements very satisfying. We make over and rettrim hats or make new ones according to instructions. Fancy goods.

MISS A. M. WILSON

### PHOTOGRAPHERS

HIGH CLASS PHOTOGRAPHY as may be secured at this studio is the result of years of careful study and experience. We specialize in Portraiture and Commercial Photography.

AMATEUR DEVELOPING AND PRINTING — PICTURE FRAMING  
THE WHITEFOOT PHOTO SERVICE

## Municipal District of Bright NO. 69.

NOTICE is hereby given that if all arrears of taxes imposed in 1921 in respect of any parcel of land situated within this Municipality are not paid on or before the first day of July next, such land will be dealt with under the provisions of the Tax Recovery Act, 1922, with a view to obtaining certificate of title in the name of the municipality in respect of such parcel.

HARRY W. BRIGHT,  
Secretary-Treasurer M. D. No. 69.

## Orange, Lemon & Lime Crush

The Biggest Selling Soft Drinks  
In America Today.



NEW STOCK JUST IN  
PETERBORO WORK SHOES  
VERY LOW PRICES HIGH QUALITY  
We do first-class repair work  
J. A. LEMIRE

SPECIAL FARES TO  
Calgary Exhibition  
JUNE 30th to JULY 7th  
GOING DATES—June 29th to July 6th and July 7th for trains arriving Calgary before 2.00 p.m.  
RETURN LIMIT—July 9th, 1922.  
INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM:—  
W. V. Price, Ticket Agent, Macleod



## THE MACLEOD TIMES AND MACLEOD WEEKLY NEWS

(Independent in Politics)

A weekly newspaper printed and published at Macleod, Alberta, every Thursday

C. J. Dillingham and J. Dillingham, Publishers.  
S. Dillingham, Manager and Editor.

Subscription Price ..... \$2.00  
Foreign ..... \$2.50

### Advertising Rates

Display Advertising (Contract) per inch ..... 35c  
Display Advertising (Transient) per inch ..... 60c  
Legal, Municipal and Government Advertising—  
1st insertion—per line, agate, .15c  
Subsequent insertions without change of copy, per line, agate 10c (Agate—14 lines to the inch)

Straight Reading Notices—  
First insertion, per count line, .20c  
Subsequent insertions without change of copy, per count line 15c

Classified Advertisements—  
Lost, Found, Wanted, Etc.—  
First insertion (figures and name abbreviations to count as words) per word ..... 3c  
minimum charge ..... 50c

Second insertion, per word ..... 2c  
Minimum charge ..... 25c

Political campaign display advertising direct from political party or through advertising agencies (no discount for plates) per inch ..... 50c

Political Campaign Readers, direct from political party or through advertising agencies (no discount for plates) per line, net ..... 20c

Notices of Marriages, Births, Deaths, and Cards of Thanks, each ..... \$1.00

All classified advertising and readers must be paid in advance.

THURSDAY, JUNE 15th, 1922

### MR. COOTE AND THE POLICE

Since the intention of the government concerning the removal of the police from this post became public property a great many rumors have been put in circulation, one of the most persistent being that Mr. Coote had informed the House that Macleod District had no further need for the services of the R.C.M.P. In justice to Mr. Coote, who is member for the Macleod constituency in the Dominion House and to show the stand he took when the question came before the members, we take the following extracts as appearing in The House of Commons Debates of the 7th of June:

"Mr. G. G. Coote (Macleod): A report is current that the Government contemplates removing the detachment of mounted police that is at present stationed at Macleod, and I have been asked by the citizens of that town to point out to the Government that at Macleod is located the oldest established mounted police station in Alberta. The town of Macleod and the mounted police are so closely associated that the citizens feel that if a detachment of the Royal Mounted Police is to be maintained anywhere in southern Alberta it should be at Macleod. I would ask permission to read one or two sentences from the letter I have received upon the subject: "If the police are to be maintained anywhere in the south then Macleod should have first claim as the town owes the fact of its existence to the police post here and nowhere I believe outside of Regina have they a more complete equipment in the way of buildings, grounds, horse pasture, etc. The history of Macleod and the police is so interwoven that it is hard to dissociate one from the other, and it would be with keen regret the citizens would see this association broken."

"I do not wish to make the question lengthy, but I would ask the Government to consider carefully before removing the detachment from Macleod, and if possible to give some assurance to the citizens of that town that the matter will receive every consideration. Right Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King (Prime Minister): I shall be pleased to call the attention of the Minister of Justice (Sir Lomer Gouin) to the representations of my hon. friend. But the Government would like to be clear on this point: Do I understand that the hon. member, on behalf of the citizens of Macleod, asks that the mounted police be retained in Macleod irrespective of whether or not they are to be retained in other parts of the province of Alberta? "Mr. Coote: The citizens of Macleod, in telegrams they have sent to me, ask that the detachment be retained. I have also a letter pointing out that if a detachment of the mounted police is to be removed from any part of the province, Macleod is the last station that should be abandoned because it is the oldest established mounted police station in southern Alberta and the one best situated from a strategic point of view. I should be glad if the Government would state as early as possible whether it is intended to remove the detachment from Macleod."

### TREES AFFECT CLIMATE

That the destruction of the trees can make a fertile land a desert is something science has long known. Forests act not only as reservoirs for the water that falls in the form of rain and snow, but also as one of the causes of precipitation. The rainfall soaks into the ground and is retained by the roots, finding its way gradually into the little brooks and streams. Besides this, a gradual evaporation is

caused, from which comes humidity, to be, in due course, condensed into storm and shower. When trees are ruthlessly cleared away the rain either soaks rapidly through the ground or is carried off at once along defiles or anything which provides a watercourse. This same process is seen in many different parts of the United States where, during the rainy season, dry river beds become in a few minutes rushing torrents.

Wherever this happens great quantities of surface soil are eroded and carried away, and the land in many places is literally washed clean of earth.

### PEACE RIVER FARMING.

Any information concerning our northern regions is of value and, therefore, the results obtained in the growing of crops at the Dominion Experimental Farm sub-station at Fort Vermilion, Alta., in the Peace River district will prove interesting to many. The pamphlet referred to gives in some detail the story of experiments covering 13 years, which are still proceeding.

The settlement of Fort Vermilion lies on the banks of the Peace River, 350 miles north of Edmonton and 950 feet above sea level. The history is the usual of such settlements, first the fur trader and trapper, then the Mission, and next the settler. In 1908 the first director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, Dr. William Saunders, came to an agreement with Mr. Robert Jones, a pioneer settler, to conduct experiments in the cultivation of grains, fruits and vegetables. This sub-station now covers 25 acres. Mr. Jones is still in charge as superintendent, from his annual reports the information for the bulletin has been gathered.

It is apparent that the district is well adapted for mixed farming, having large areas of well grassed country, which afford ample feeding grounds and winter feeding for stock. Building logs, fencing material, firewood, and the purest water are easily accessible in practically any location. In summer the day from sunrise to sunset is eighteen hours long and the night itself is only a twilight. These long days of summer permit the remarkable growth of vegetation and its ripening in a short season.

Travellers in the regions are surprised to find vegetables growing luxuriantly and as far advanced according to the season as they would be in Eastern Canada. Another thing that astonishes visitors is the beauty of the flowers, hardy varieties flourishing amazingly, with brilliant coloring.

Strawberries currants and raspberries flourish, but gooseberries, plums and apples have not so far thriven as well as desired. Experiments with fodder crops have proved successful, particularly with swede turnips and mangolds. Sunflowers have given promising results, but corn in the usual season does not reach the proper stage to make first-class ensilage, although in some years surprisingly large crops of green fodder are recorded.

The varieties of grain hitherto tested have yielded excellently. The bulletin may be had on application to the Publication Branch of the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

### HOW FOREST FIRES START.

Do your part in preventing fire becoming master. Look after your camp fire. See it is dead out. Do not throw matches or burning material or ashes where they might ignite leaves or twigs or rubbish and thus set fire to the forest.

### I KNOW A GUY.

I heard a stranger who was dry unto another say,  
"You've got a lovely jag, you have, O how d'ye get that way?  
I ain't had nary drink, I ain't, for yars it seems and yars,  
I cannot down those buttermilks they serve at them there bars,  
And all that booze stuff I swig is poison to my system.  
Where are them places that you know, it seems I've sorter missed 'em?"  
And then the other guy  
Made this quaint reply:

### Chorus.

"Of course since prohibition  
No one can get a touch  
Of any kind of "licker,"  
"But there's a place they sell it,"  
And he added softly "much."  
And here he whispered low,  
"I know a guy who knows a guy  
Who knows a place to go."

And now it seems most every day I meet a friend or two,  
Who knows a place where one may go to change his point of view,  
Who knows a service station, where the traveler may stop  
And get that swell reaction where you want to kiss a cop;  
I know the country's dry as dry, because they've told me so,  
But still it must be damp in spots, for now and then you know  
A friend will hint to me  
Most confidentially:

### Chorus.

"Of course since prohibition  
A guy can't get a drink  
Of any kind of licker \* \* \*"  
And then he seems to wink—  
"But there's a place they sell it,"  
And here he whispers low:  
"I know a guy who knows a guy  
Who knows a place to go."

### NEW AND OLD DANCES.

The ladies of Lincoln, (a town in Middlesex County, Mass.), have let local law loose. Disgusted with the everlasting monotony of an entire evening focused on fox-trot trotters, the wiggle-wriggle of the fox-trot trotters, the brassy blat and brazen blare of the jaz-jazziness of the music to which the trotting is trotted—all of which was much in evidence at a benefit dance recently held in that little town—some of the most prominent women of the place held a meeting of protest and decided to give jazz the "razzle-dazzle." In common council they reasoned that the best way to ban a bad thing was to boost a better thing and make the "boost" a drawing attraction. So, without waiting for the idea to congeal, the Lincoln ladies arranged for an old-fashioned dance, laying down the law that for this occasion all jazzing (both in playing and dancing) was to be as rigidly prohibited as hooch is supposed to be.

The entire program was made up of the old dances in vogue thirty, forty and even more years ago in which the dancers glide rather than jump—the Lady Walpole, the Virginia Reel, the good old quadrilles (wherein you "balance," "chasse," "alman left," "ladies change," and all "prom-e-nade"), a few waltzes and one or two schottisches. Admission was by invitation (with none under 18 years), and so great was the demand that the printed cards were exhausted before the mailing list was completed.

Instead of the present catch-as-catch-can way of grabbing one's dance vis-a-vis, the old-fashioned scheme of printed programs for the signing up of dancing partners was the order. And the "cats"—think of it, O ye tired dance fiddlers and blowers whose stomachs yearn for some solid filling after a long night of solid playing! In place of the customary ice cream strawberries in pale pink and chocolate in muddy brown, wind-puffs of fictitious pastry, charged waters of various insipid flavors—in place of those there were plenty of fat doughnuts, honest-to-goodness cake and real coffee all home made. It was a success socially, solidly and "stomachically," but whether a lasting success into future dances can tell. As for the musicians of the town, they probably will sound a slogan of "Long Live the Ladies of Lincoln who Laid Down the Law."

### BEST EQUIPMENT BEST SERVICE

Widest Range of Seasonable Foods

Ice Cream, Candies, Soft Drinks, Tobaccos, Cigars

### THE SILVER GRILL

## Lawn Watering

Hours are from 6 to 9 a.m. and 6 to 9 p.m. The public are requested to observe these hours at all times so that an adequate reserve of water may be kept in case of fire.

## Macleod Municipal Water Department

## Bread

IS THE STAFF OF LIFE — LEAN HEAVY ON IT.

EAT MORE BREAD

### BAWDEN'S BREAD

IS THE BEST BREAD ON EARTH

### CAKES

and

### GOODIES

of

HIGHEST QUALITY

PHONE  
132

### BAWDEN'S BAKERY

## AUTO LIVERY

Phone 215 or 105

BILLY WILKINSON

## Better Than Pills For Liver Ills.



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## COMPLETE LINE of Kodaks and Films R. D. McNay

The Whitefoot Photo Service  
AMATEUR FINISHING  
PORTRAITURE  
COMMERCIAL PHOTOGRAPHY  
Phone 64, Macleod

## EMPRESS PROGRAMME

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

WALLACE REID and  
LOIS WILSON

in

"THE HELL DIGGERS"

A tremendous story of the Gold Fields of California

ART ACORD

in

"WINNERS OF THE WEST"

and Comedy:

"SHOULD HUSBANDS TRIFLE"

MONDAY TUESDAY

HOUSE PETERS

in

"SILK HUSBANDS AND CALICO WIVES"

If thou would't his fancy keep,  
try silk hose and trim shod feet

"PATHE COLOR REVIEW"

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

"THE BONNIE BRIER BUSH"

by

JACK LONDON

Also

HAROLD LLOYD RE-ISSUE

"BASHFUL"

COMING SOON

D. W. GRIFFITH'S

Special Production

"THE LOVE FLOWER"

From the Collier's Weekly Story "Black Beach"

### TREES ON THE FARM.

If your home is situated on the open prairie, have you ever thought how much more attractive your house and barns would look if they had shade trees growing near them, setting them off and giving them a more finished and distinctive appearance, just as a frame enhances the beauty of a picture? What a pleasant place to would be when the trees had grown tall and thick enough to form a wind-break and your farmstead no longer stood forlorn, a target for every wind that blows! How much would the value added by this desirable and easily acquired improvement mean to you in dollars and cents?

Doubtless many prairie farmers hesitate to plant trees, not because they do not desire them, but because they are not sure what varieties are best suited to their particular climate nor what is the correct cultivation. It is true that failure to plant the right variety and to give the proper care has been a frequent source of discouragement, but the means of overcoming such difficulties are now placed easily and at little cost within reach of all, thanks to the efforts of the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior. That many have availed themselves of the privileges open to them is apparent from a recent announcement by the department that within the last twenty years the Forestry Nursery Station at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, has distributed over sixty million seedlings and cuttings to forty thousand farmers in the west. The project is now being taken up enthusiastically in school districts, 150 of these in Saskatchewan alone having announced their intention to plant trees this year. With so much being done by public and private enterprise to foster the planting of trees on the prairie the time should not be far distant when the traveller across its vast expanse will find the sturdy faith, which those who dwell there rightly have in their country, expressed more generally in cheerful home surroundings and not hidden in habitations which look bleak and uninviting because they are destitute of other vegetation than that grown for profit.

As a matter of fact, however, it is also profitable to grow trees. Recognized authorities tell us that shelter belts of trees are a substantial aid in preventing soil drifting, which robs the fields of their fertile top soil, and that by presenting a barrier to the hot dry wind, they enable the soil to retain moisture which would otherwise be lost by evaporation. They assert that crops so sheltered more than compensate the farmer for the time and trouble spent in this protective work by appreciably increased yields. In the winter also the shelter afforded by efficient windbreaks near the corral or cattle sheds adds considerably to the well being of the stock.

Apart from their profitability, there is another very vital aspect of tree planting which it would be well not to overlook. By breaking the deadly sameness of the landscape and investing the farm with a more comfortable and homelike appearance, trees exert an influence of inestimable value on the mind and spirits of the owner, even though he may be unconscious of it. The depression arising from the life of comparative isolation, which our large farms impose and which many who have come west from more thickly populated centres find so trying can be lessened in large measure by the presence of trees and flowers and the birds for which they provide nesting places. There is a satisfying sense of companionship from having trees near the home; they help to mark the changes in the seasons and so break the year's monotony; they grow older and bigger with the children, whose happiest play hours are spent beneath them, and their leafy foliage ministers to our desire for cool, refreshing shade in the heat of summer. Even where the farm is merely serving as a temporary home, and the occupant may not himself reap the full benefit of the trees he plants, let him not withhold his labor. "He that planteth a tree is a servant of God,"

### C. W. STEVENS

BUILDER,  
CONTRACTOR AND  
WHEELWRIGHT

Estimates on all classes of woodwork.

24th Street, First Door West of Hudson's Bay Hardware.

## Stand Off Flouring Mill

GRISTING ALL YEAR ROUND

FLOUR FOR SALE AT ALL TIMES

## Second Hand Store

I am in the market to buy, sell and exchange furniture, household goods, Etc., Etc.

BUYING PRICES RIGHT  
SELLING PRICES RIGHT  
A FAIR TRADE

LAMBERTS' OLD STAND—OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE

H. PITKIN & CO.

Licensed Auctioneer for Town of Macleod

MACLEOD — ALBERTA

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

TO RENT—First-class store on 24th Street. Apply to J. M. Calle, Macleod, Alberta. 35-1f

WANTED—To hear from owner of good ranch for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 5-13tp4.59

WATERTON LAKES — Four-roomed bungalow to rent—by week, month or season. New and well furnished. Ready June 1st. On lake shore. Apply Box K, Macleod. 12-1f

WANTED—To buy, baby buggy, reed, must be in good condition and cheap for cash. Apply, TIMES office.

FOR SALE—Cow with calf at foot. Apply D. R. Carse. 12-3t

FOUND—On the Kootenai Trail, near Ardenville, pair of side curtains for big car, small oblong lights, black. Owner call at a Times office and get curtains on paying for advertising. 13-3t

TENNIS RACKETS RESTRUNG — Prices reasonable. A. A. Russell, Tennis Racket Expert, 139-13th Avenue West, Calgary. 14-2t

STRAYED—Boston Bull Terrier, five months old, mottled brown with face mostly white and white ring around neck, kink in tail. Reward. H. H. McLean, 459, 20th Street.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Registered Shire Stallion, eight years old. Weight seventeen hundred. Broke to work and gentle. Will sell cheap for cash or will trade for good young work team. Apply J. Emmelkamp, Phone R1310. 14-2tp\$2.05

FOR SALE—Two or three fresh cows. Apply Thomas Shield, McBride. 15-1t

LOST—On road between Glenwood and Macleod, small suit case containing fishing tackle. Reward \$5.00. Write B. Frazier, Stock Yards, Calgary. 15-1t

He provideth a kindness for many generations, And faces that he hath not seen shall bless him." When Henry Van Dyke wrote the above lines, he indicated one of the finest ways in which to express goodwill towards one's fellow men.—From Farm News Letter.

### CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. Reach wish to thank all their kind friends who so feelingly sympathized with them in their bereavement—in words, actions and deeds. It was such a happy release of the soul from its body passing away without pain that their sorrow is turned to joy, knowing how prepared he was to meet his Maker. He had a frail body, but his indomitable will enabled him to fight Death to the last. The floral tributes were very much appreciated. The kindness shown by one and all will never be forgotten.

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### WE HAVE NOW STOCKED

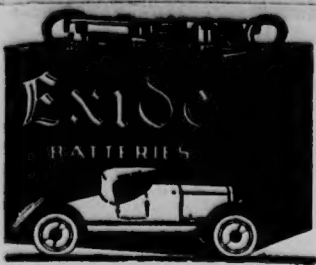
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life, as in the Ex-  
ide, then your bat-  
tery is not merely  
a comfort but a  
genuine economy

**Exide Batteries of  
Canada, Limited**  
153 Dufferin Street  
Toronto

It seems funny to hear that Mon-  
treal is interested in a deep waterway.

### BOTTOMLEY'S LONG INNINGS CLOSED.

At one time it seemed certain that Horatio Bottomley would take his place among the British heroes of the war. Instead he lines up with Whit-taker Wright, Ernest Terah Hookey and Jabez Balfour, an one of the notable English swindlers of modern times. How many millions he was able to extract from the British public, apart from what he earned honestly as the proprietor of the weekly paper, John Bull, is not known, but it is supposed to be not less than \$3,000,000. Very little of it is likely to be recovered. Bottomley's extravagance, his town house, his country estate, his string of race horses, his betting operations, the money that was extorted from him by people who were privy to some of his schemes—all these sources drained away from him the golden flood that the credulous public directed upon him. His victims were for the most part the poorest of people, nearly all of them returned soldiers or the mothers or widows of soldiers whom he induced to invest their war savings and gratuities in his crooked schemes.

**His War Services.**  
His services in the war were undoubtedly great. The war itself seemed to have regenerated him. He did not renounce the atheism that he has clung to all his life, but again and again in his addresses to the soldiers

and in his powerful writings he has sounded a deep religious note. He visited the men at the front on several occasions, and it is said that nobody else had the power he had to reconcile them to their bitter lot and prevent a deterioration of morale and discipline. The men felt that he was in truth one of themselves. In his paper he fought unceasingly for their interests. Perhaps more than any other civilian in the British Isles, he was the hero of the common British soldier at the front. His power as an orator is probably not surpassed by any other Englishman. He has a voice as beautiful as an actor's, and he knows how to act. He, too, has a keen brain, ready wit, courage, impudence and the utmost confidence in himself. To the last he believed that no ordinary London jury would find him guilty.

**Exposed by Truth.**  
In one respect his downfall was brought about in somewhat similar circumstances to that of Oscar Wilde. He himself brought an action. He lost, and the evidence given at the first trial was such as to prompt an order for his arrest. It was another weekly paper that eventually laid him low, namely, Truth, founded by Henry Labouchere, and famous for its exposure of English scoundrels and swindlers high and low. Curiously enough, Bottomley called his own paper the "pen nery Truth," but in reality it was the trumphy Truth, a half scurrilous, semi-blackmailing, impudent, sneering



sheet, that in the course of the war reached a circulation of 2,000,000. Even before the war it was a prosperous concern, wielding great influence among Englishmen of a certain class. It was always spicy, hinting at scandals that decent papers would not touch, and then boasting that it was about the only honest uncontrolled paper in London.

**Prosecuted, But Escapes.**  
Bottomley's uncle was George Jacob Holyoake, the disciple of Robert Owen, and a leader in mid-Victorian secularism. Bottomley was brought up in an atmosphere of mingled socialism and atheism. He first came into prominence as a promoter of joint stock companies dealing in West Australian mining shares. He did not do any mining, but he sold plenty of shares that

promised to pay ten per cent, fifty per cent, or one hundred per cent. We are not aware whether any of them did pay, but they helped start Bottomley on the way to fortune. No criminality was charged against him, but for more than thirty years people who study city affairs regarded him as a slippery customer who had the makings of a rather high class swindler. Twice he was prosecuted but he escaped, partly as a result of his remarkable skill in defending himself before juries. He boasted that he was the best lay lawyer in England, and probably the boast was justified.

**Always An Original.**  
He owned an evening newspaper, the Sun, since defunct, and established the Financial Times. In later years it has been one of his boasts that he gave Lord Northcliffe his first job, and has offered to sell the letter in which a certain young Alfred Harmsworth asked for a raise in salary. He has been through the bankruptcy court and has been in Parliament off and on since 1905. In the House he sought to identify himself with small, human matters which could be successfully played up in his papers. He was always original. Part of his election campaign was to parade his race horses through the streets bearing signs in his interest. On one occasion the sandwich boards used to advertise John Bull displayed the sensational announcement: "Nothing in John

**Bull This Week.** His last desperate ruse which preceded his downfall was original. He employed a man to sue him, and then to withdraw his action, in order that others might be scared off. But all tricks failed in the end, and, after a long run, Horatio Bottomley is behind prison bars.—Toronto Mail and Empire.

### Rathwell

Fail rye is heading out nicely. The only fault to be found with it is that it is rather thin in many places.

Mrs. Charles Clarke returned home on Monday after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Chester, of Lethbridge.

A church service was held at the school house on Sunday last. Mr. Crowson officiating. There was a very good attendance.

The grasshopper plague is not as severe here as in other districts. No cutworms have been reported working in the grain fields.

The picnic and dance held at McBride on Friday last was taken in by several Rathwellites who report a very pleasant time spent.

There is better feed on the prairie for stock than for a long time past. In some parts a good crop of hay will be cut in less than a month's time.

E. E. Bradshaw, who has been ailing for some time past, has gone east to receive medical treatment. His many friends are hopeful that he will return to his home fully recovered.

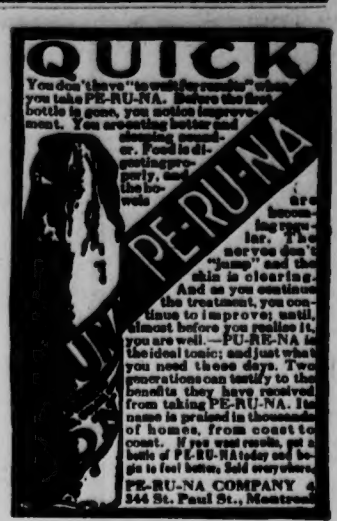
The U. F. A. Ladies of Allenfields and Rathwell are holding a sale of work, home cooking and serving tea in the town hall, Macleod, Saturday afternoon of this week.

Mr. F. Crowson will address the people of Rathwell on Sunday at 3 o'clock next at the school house, on the occasion of the U.F.A. anniversary service. A cordial invitation is extended to all. The singing at this service will be a special feature.

The U.F.A. annual sermon will be preached next Sunday, when it is to be hoped there will be a good turnout to greet the speaker on that occasion. No, one sermon per year, however good, will not place our feet on the straight and narrow path, but it will help some nevertheless.

Pott's Bottom seems to have an attraction for the red-blooded youths now that the weather has become warmer. There is said to be a favorite swimming hole in this resort, much frequented by the boys who can swim and the depth of the water is such that the timid ones can keep one foot on the bottom while engaged in their aquatic sports.

Little Red Riding Hood was followed through a lonely wood by a wolf which finally devoured her. A lady in this district while heading for her home on foot late last week was followed by a coyote which actually came



within a quarter of a mile of her and looked at her twice. She is of the opinion that the animal was a wolf and that it was crazy. That's about as narrow an escape from instant death as has been reported in many moons.

### Ardenville News

The wet weather of the past week has put a check on the work of the grasshoppers. The crops are looking much refreshed and are in some places covering the ground. Prospects for a crop are the best that they have been for some years, if the grasshoppers can be checked.

A very exciting game of baseball was played on the first of last week, when the Ardenville "Rangers" went down to defeat at the hands of the "Kootenay Stars" to the tune of 6 to 9. Over a hundred spectators watched the game, and a keen interest was evident. The "Kootenay Stars" are now looking for bigger game.

A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wyard on June 6th, the occasion being the fifth anniversary of their wedding. The evening was spent in games and music. The feature of the evening was the singing of Mrs. Wyard and Mr. Wintermute.

A large crowd is expected at the dance in Waterton school on Friday the 16th. The Kootenay Star Orchestra will furnish the music. Miss Jessie Wicks who has been visiting with her cousin, Mrs. Wyard, has returned to her home in Spokane.

### MARRIED

Harvey Wood—On June 6th, at the First Baptist Church, Calgary, by the Rev. H. H. Bingham. Agnes Wood of South Shields, Eng., was united in marriage to Walter Harvey of Burnham, Essex, England. The bride was dressed in white and carried a beautiful bouquet of carnations. The happy couple were the recipients of many very useful presents, including a dainty tea service from the bridegroom's last place of business in Calgary, the John Irwin Co., and staff.

# BIG ONE CENT SALE

WE ANNOUNCE ANOTHER ONE CENT SALE FOR THREE DAYS ONLY  
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 16, 17

You know the plan---Buy one advertised article in list at regular price and we will sell you another of the same article for one cent. Example:--- One bottle Peptona cost \$1.25 and two bottles will cost \$1.26.

## Our EXTENSIVE LIST Will PLEASE YOU

PATENTS	DRUGS	HOUSEHOLD
\$1.25 Bottle Peptona, 2 for \$1.26	\$1.00 Rubbing Alcohol, 2 for \$1.01	\$2.50 Vacuum Bottle, 2 for \$2.51
\$1.50 Bottle Scott's Emulsion, 2 for \$1.51	50c Rubbing Alcohol, 2 for 51c	50c Liquid Veneer, 2 for 51c
75c Bottle Scott's Emulsion, 2 for 76c	50c Aromatic Cascara, 2 for 51c	50c Ideal Silver Polish, 2 for 51c
\$1.25 Bot. Ferrovin Beef 1. Wine, 2 for \$1.26	50c Camphorated Oil, 2 for 51c	25c Water Glass, 2 for 26c
\$1.25 Bottle Tono-Phos Tonic, 2 for \$1.26	50c Vaseline, 2 for 51c	75c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for 76c
\$2.00 Bottle Sano Anti-Diabetes, 2 for \$2.01	10c Petroleum Jelly, 2 for 11c	40c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for 41c
\$1.50 Bot. Sano Kidney Remedy, 2 for \$1.51	50c Lysol, 2 for 51c	25c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for 26c
\$1.00 Bot. Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy, 2 for \$1.01	35c Lysol Powder, 2 for 36c	15c Absorbent Cotton, 2 for 16c
\$10.00 Bot. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure, 2 for \$10.01	25c Peroxide, 2 for 26c	10c Toilet Paper, 2 for 11c
\$1.00 Liquid Petrolatum, 2 for \$1.01	25c Aspirin Tablets, 2 for 26c	15c Fly Poison Pads, 2 for 16c
\$1.25 Redmac, 2 for \$1.26	40c Eff. Cit Magnesia, 2 for 41c	15c Insect Powder, 2 for 16c
\$1.00 Digestive Tonic, 2 for \$1.01	25c Castor Oil, 2 for 26c	20c Lye, 2 for 21c
\$1.25 Kola Celery and Pepsin, 2 for \$1.26	25c Zinc Ointment, 2 for 26c	15c Lux, 2 for 16c
1.00 Syrup Hypophosphates, 2 for \$1.01	25c Boracic Ointment, 2 for 26c	15c Old Dutch Cleanser, 2 for 16c
50c Rexall Kidney Pills, 2 for 51c	25c Blue Ointment, 2 for 26c	(No more than 4 of two last items on each day of sale to one customer.)
50c King's Kidney Pills, 2 for 51c	10c Boracic Acid, 2 for 11c	
\$1.75 Porter's Baby Food, 2 for \$1.76	10c Epsom Salts, 2 for 11c	
65c Porter's Baby Food, 2 for 66c		
75c Cuticura Ointment, 2 for 76c		
50c White Pine Tar, 2 for 51c		
50c Ess. Jamaica Ginger, 2 for 51c		
40c Children's Laxative Syrup, 2 for 41c		
50c Chamberlain's Liniment, 2 for 51c		
35c Corn Salve, 2 for 36c		
25c Headache Wafers, 2 for 26c		
25c Healing Ointment, 2 for 26c		
25c Canadian Health Salts, 2 for 26c		
25c Dandelion Pills, 2 for 26c		

CANDY
1-lb. Box Neilson's Assorted Chocolates
75c, 2 boxes for 76c
40c Box Assorted Mints, 2 for 41c

STATIONERY
60c lb. Linen Note Paper, 2 for 61c
15c Linen Envelopes, 2 for 16c
65c Playing Cards, 2 for 66c
40c Linen Letter Tablet, 2 for 41c
35c Linen Letter Tablet, 2 for 36c
20c Linen Note Tablet, 2 for 21c
50c Child's Box Stationery, 2 for 51c
\$1.00 Box Paper and Envelopes, 2 for \$1.01
50c Box Paper and Envelopes, 2 for 51c
35c India Ink, 2 for 36c
20c Fountain Pen Ink, 2 for 21c
75c Boys' and Girls' Books by Optic, Meade and others, 2 for 76c
25c Boy Scout Books, 2 for 26c
25c Alger Books, 2 for 26c
25c Camp Fire Girls Books, 2 for 26c

### HAIR PREPARATIONS

\$1.00 Glover's Mange Remedy, for dandruff, 2 for \$1.01
\$1.00 Salvia, 2 for \$1.01
\$1.00 Eau de Quinine, 2 for \$1.01
75c Quinine Hair Tonic, 2 for 76c
65c Cream Sage and Sulphur, 2 for 66c
50c Riber's Emulsified Coconut Oil, 2 for 51c
50c Bay Rum, 2 for 51c
10c Rose Shampoo, 2 for 11c

### TOILET PREPARATIONS

75c Paradise Cold Cream, 2 for 76c
75c Yucca Cold Cream, 2 for 76c
75c Wyldewood Vanishing Cream, 2 for 76c
65c Almond Toilet Lotion, 2 for 66c
60c Elite Cold Cream, 2 for 61c
60c Elite Vanishing Cream, 2 for 61c
50c Medallion Cold Cream, 2 for 51c
50c Peroxide Cream, 2 for 51c
50c Grecian Massage Cream, 2 for 51c
50c Ryk Vanishing Cream, 2 for 51c
50c Medallion Tooth Paste, 2 for 51c
35c Ideal Tooth Paste, 2 for 36c
35c Thymoline Tooth Paste, 2 for 36c
50c Powder Puffs, 2 for 51c
15c Powder Puffs, 2 for 16c
35c Fascinette Talcum, 2 for 36c
35c Baby Talcum, 2 for 36c
25c Violet Talcum, 2 for 26c
50c Medallion Talcum, 2 for 51c
25c Violetta Cream, 2 for 26c
15c Wash Cloth, 2 for 16c
50c Johnson's Shaving Cream, 2 for 51c
\$1.25 Rubberset Shaving Brush, 2 for \$1.26

### SOAPS

75c Box 3 cakes Williams Toilet Soap, 2 boxes for 76c
40c Box, 3 cakes, 2 for 41c
35c Oriental Cream Soap, 2 for 36c
25c Cuticura Soap, 2 for 26c
25c Savoderm Soap, 2 for 26c
25c Boracic and Cold Cream, 2 for 26c
20c Bath Soap, 2 for 21c
15c Cream Olive Soap, 2 for 16c
15c Peroxide Soap, 2 for 16c
15c Harmony Floating Soap, 2 for 16c
15c Lilac Rose Soap, 2 for 16c
5c Cake Castile Soap, 2 for 6c
15c Goblin Soap, 2 for 16c

### VETERINARY

\$2.00 Conway's Colic Cure, 2 for \$2.01
\$1.00 Conway's Worm Expeller, 2 for \$1.01
75c Canadian Gall Lotion, 2 for 76c
65c Robinson's Lice Exterminator, 2 for 66c
35c Robinson's Mite Spray, 2 for 36c
35c Royal Poultry Tonic, 2 for 36c
50c Veterinary Tonic Powder, 2 for 51c

### MISCELLANEOUS

\$2.00 Pollyanna, ready to make Doll's clothes, 2 for \$2.01
\$1.25 Pollyanna, ready to make doll's clothes, 2 for \$1.26
85c Pollyanna, ready to make doll's clothes, 2 for 86c
25c Cut Out Dollies, for 5 dolls with 20 dresses and hats, 2 for 26c
25c Bisque Dolls, 2 for 26c
15c K. A. G. Disinfectant, 2 for 16c
50c Poison Wheat, 2 for 51c
50c Briar Pipes, 2 for 51c
10c Prime Choice Cigars, 2 for 11c

NO TOWN, TELEPHONE OR C.O.D. ORDERS ----- COME EARLY

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**THE REXALL STORE** --- **MACLEOD**

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Farmers are exposed to many mishaps against which they cannot insure—HAIL IS NOT ONE OF THEM—Insure with

### R. J. E. GARDINER.

He represents some of the Strongest and most Reliable Companies. See him at once at his new office—Next Door to Queens Hotel, Macleod, Alberta.

## VETERANS' APPEAL FOR MEMBERSHIP

Whether the Macleod G. W. V. A. will be able to carry on or not will depend largely on the support given by those who are entitled to membership within its ranks. It is a well-known fact that ever since its conception the association has generously directed its activities towards War Widows, Soldiers' Dependents and Veterans regardless of any connection with the Association. The G. W. V. A. feels that its record of achievements must strongly appeal to all who served and are eligible for membership. The Executive of the Local Branch wishes to appeal to all returned soldiers to join the association on the grounds that it is only fair for all to share in the responsibility of maintaining the activities of the organization. Records show that while there are approximately 50,000 Veterans in Alberta, only half that number have paid membership dues. For a small annual membership fee of \$2.00 the greatest organization of veterans in Canada has conducted its self-appointed task and can with honesty point with pride to achievements as follows:—Obtained 50% increase in pension after repeated effort, obtained concessions for amputation and T. B. cases, secured Government Insurance for Veterans and War Widows, obtained numerous amendments to Soldiers' Settlement Act and Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment regulations, secured increased clothing allowances on discharge, secured increases in pay for vocational students, men under treatment and pensioners being re-boarded, secured refunds of transportation for dependents, secured many concessions for men of the Imperial army and their dependents who resided in Canada previous to the war, assisted veterans and their dependents when in distress by financial loans and grants, obtained legislation to insure that no pensioner would have to be buried by a charitable organization, arranged funerals for all deceased comrades, made every possible effort to insure that no dependents of soldiers shall be exposed to undue suffering through their breadwinners service. In addition to the above the G. W. V. A. provides club rooms throughout the Dominion where a veteran is always assured of a warm welcome and any advice or assistance he may be in need of. All soldiers while serving were willing to give a helping hand to any comrade who through wounds or other misfortune required it and that spirit maintains in the Association today. Every surviving veteran has a sacred duty to perform. Those who cannot spare the time to give personal service can still extend very real support by joining the G. W. V. A., and with their membership fees assist in maintaining the organization financially. The Local Association appeals to every Veteran in the Macleod district to join the association and ensure that everything possible is being done to assist the men who gave when their country called. The work must be carried on. \$2.00 will bring all previous members into good standing, outstanding dues rescinded.

EXECUTIVE G.W.V.A.,  
Macleod.



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Fresh Fruits and Vegetables arriving regularly, Tomatoes, Cauliflower, Rhubarb, Lettuce, Green Onions, etc.

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Plain white and Clover Leaf at reduced prices

International Stock Food & Calf Meal

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Pattern Hats to Suit Everyone. Children's Hats at \$2.00 each. Have you seen our New Suit Blouses in Tricotee? They are beauties

MISS A. M. WILSON

## REACH & Co.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES  
GROCERIES, Etc.

This hot weather has been a little trying to the nerves. One only buys what is necessary. You go to the dining table with listless indifference and turn up your nose at what is displayed. Groceries are sold at such small profits, so whatever cuts are advertised the difference is so small that any merchant will allow the few cents in your favor. Just for peace and quietness we sympathize with your jaded appetites, so will have an extra salad display next Saturday. All kinds of fruits, every variety of green stuff grown here or in the balmy south. We are getting spring blood purifiers, Nature's Medicine—Spinach, Asparagus, Young Carrots, not forgetting the succulent spring onions.

We are dividing our profits with you in Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes till such time as the verdict is given: "What shall the harvest be." As it is farmers and storekeepers are only existing—neither of us can afford luxuries. We only pray that things will soon come back to normal again. But still taxes are going up and the end is not in sight.

We are glad to see how many people are buying Butterick Patterns and making their own clothes for the mother, children and even shirts for the father. We will help you as much as possible by giving you as near cost as possible with as comprehensive range of materials at the best possible prices.

## REACH & Co.

FINEST JOB PRINTING — THE MACLEOD TIMES DOES IT

## Pretty House Dresses

A Large Assortment of pretty Gingham House Dresses, new styles nicely trimmed, colors blended.

Misses' and Children's Gingham and Print Dresses.

Make your selection now while the assortment is complete.

R. T. BARKER

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL NEWS

The fishing season opens on Thursday.

Mr. A. Young, Miss Olive and Wilson Young and Mr. Dilatash motored to Lethbridge last Sunday.

Mrs. W. Forsythe, nee Miss Drinkwater, is visiting with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Drinkwater.

The statement is officially made by the stock exchange that the new tax on cheques and stock transfers does not take effect until July 1.

The prairie is covered with a luxuriant growth of grass and the prospects for a good hay crop this season were never better.

\$70,000 was raised throughout Western Canada in the self-denial campaign conducted recently by the Salvation Army.

One of the leading Presbyterian Divines in Eastern Canada, Rev. Dr. McMillan, will preach in St. Andrew's Church, Macleod, morning and evening next Sunday, the 18th instant.

Joseph Hicks, of Macleod, has at last decided definitely to open a legal office at Coleman. Mr. Hicks has had over twenty years in the law profession and is well known in Southern Alberta.—Blairmore Enterprise.

A number of tourist parties arrived in town this week. Several of the parties, interested in irrigation, took a run out to the dam and flume now under construction further up the river.

Paris has decreed the short skirt will be worn no longer. That is to say, no longer will the short skirt be worn. In other words, the short skirt, while remaining relatively short, will be worn longer, or at least—well—anyway!

The local class of the International Bible Students and their friends were treated to a very interesting lecture on Wednesday evening of last week. The speaker was J. B. Williams, his subject being "Lasting Peace World-Wide Soon."

Town gardens are coming on apace. Gardening is a fine healthful occupation and every householder who owns a garden spot should cultivate it. Not only is the exercise beneficial, but the financial end of it in the quantity of garden truck that can be grown, is no small item.

The hot weather of the present week is said to be most favorable to the rapid and thorough hatching out of the millions of grasshopper eggs. The dry weather is general throughout the entire province and every section is waging a relentless war against these pests. To locate the breeding grounds of these pests and to poison without the least delay will do the greatest good in the shortest time.

The contractors on the line of the Lethbridge Northern Irrigation ditch are rapidly pushing their several contracts to completion. It is reported that the work of the drag-lines will be finished by the first week in August, the balance of the work it is estimated being ended by about the end of the same month. Asked as to whether water will be run through the system this present season, we are informed that it will depend entirely upon the advancement of the dam and flume. At present work on these two important details has been held up owing to high water, but with a lowering of the present water level the work of advancement will be greatly accelerated.

Foster predicts bad hail storms this year. Protect yourself by Insuring in a strong Hail Company

K.A.Y. REALTY CO.



We Examine

EYES

We Grind Our Own Lenses

R.W. Russell  
Jeweler and  
Optometrist

A. Young and son visited Claresholm Wednesday afternoon.

Father Rouleau visited the Peigan reservation on Thursday of this week.

Crow's Nest Pass now boasts of a baseball team, which challenges all comers.

A frost heavy enough to cut down tender garden stuff visited the Edmonton district late last week.

Several members of the R. C. M. Police who were recently transferred to the Lethbridge post were up for the dance, returning the following day.

The grain is looking fine. The seed planted germinated well and it looks at this time as if this district will have a crop to talk about.

The Rev. G. D. Armstrong, attended the Methodist conference held in Edmonton last week, returning home on Saturday last.

Several valuable horses belonging to farmers living in the Grassy Lake country have been poisoned by eating bait prepared for grasshoppers.

Mrs. James Williams has returned to Macleod after an absence of several months in the Hardisty district, where she has been living with her daughter, Nellie, who is teaching in that district.

While other sections of the province, particularly in the northern portions, have been subjected to heavy and killing frosts during the week just past, Macleod and district have escaped the visitation.

Mr. T. B. Redding, of the Canada Security Assurance Company, of Calgary, motored through Macleod last Monday. He left for Lethbridge the same afternoon. He reports the trails between Calgary and Macleod as being in good shape for motor traffic.

Up to March 1, Germany had destroyed 5,855,000 rifles and carbines, 104,000 machine guns, 35,700,000 loaded shells and mines, 14,800,000 grenades, 13,383 airplanes and 24,045 airplane engines, according to official figures.

Farmers will pay considerably less this fall for their binders and binder twine than they did in 1921. There has been a cut of \$71 on binders and twine will cost 6 cents a pound less than last season.

R. V. Kentish-Rankin, of Vancouver, who represents the Sun Insurance Company, was in town Friday last introducing a new Gopher's Insurance policy, which has a number of good points to recommend it to the players of this royal game.

Fred Godwin, who is farming the old Al. Whitney place, has 100 acres sown to rye which he will thresh for grain. The stand is said to be extra good, being about two feet high at present and will attain a still greater growth providing the weather is favorable. A sample of the rye is shown in the K.A.Y. window.

Contractors engaged on the Lethbridge Northern Project will, in a few weeks at the most, be through with their several contracts. It is a great pity that the South Macleod scheme is not sufficiently advanced to permit of contracts being let, so as to enable the men and material now in this section to be used in the construction of our own ditch.

Crops in the Retlaw and Enchant districts are reported as suffering severely from the ravages of the cut worm. Reports from New Brunswick state that orchards and strawberry patches have been defoliated by a caterpillar which has appeared there in millions, while in some cases the railway trains have been held up by the pests, train crews having to use shovels to clear the rails.

Macleod farmers are using large quantities of poisoned bait at the present time and if they are wise will be mighty careful how they handle it where stock is running at large. Reports of the deadly work the bait has done to both cattle and horses are almost daily occurrences. Recently a farmer of High River lost six valuable cows, they having made a meal of a sack of the poisoned mixture.

The officers and men of the 93rd Battery, C.F.A., gave a very pleasant dance on Friday evening of last week, which proved to be a most enjoyable affair and was as usual well attended. The armory was tastefully decorated, while the music furnished by the Brenner Orchestra, was, as usual, very good. Light refreshments were served during an intermission at about midnight. This very enjoyable dance broke up at an early hour, everyone having had a good time.

Macleod and Staveland baseball teams locked horns on Friday of last week. They were a good turn-out of fans to witness the game and to urge on the boys, but in spite of this the home team failed to get on their feet at any point of the game. The visitors showed excellent team work and their play was snappy throughout. They hadn't much on Macleod in either the pitching or catching, but in the field the play of the visitors was more than ordinarily fair. The score stood 15-3 in favor of the Staveland team. The weather was ideal for good ball, not a breath of air stirring. What Macleod wants badly is practice. No practice has been indulged in, consequently there is a lack of team play which spells

disaster to any attempt made to win a game over other and more ambitious players. With hard and steady practice every night it is possible to play as good ball as any of them and there is no team in the country with a license to beat you.

The baseball match between Claresholm and Macleod, played on the town square on Wednesday evening resulted in a victory for the home team by a score of 13-2. The team play put on by the boys was a decided improvement over that shown at the previous game. Reid, Macleod's pitcher, was in grand form and had the visitors buffaloed from the start. A home run made by Mathieu was followed by a prolonged burst of enthusiasm. The boys came out in their new uniforms for the first time and looked pretty nifty.

A tourist party hailing from Vancouver hit town Tuesday evening. They had been on the road over a week. They report the condition of the trails over which they have travelled as being in very good condition. Near Cranbrook they met with a slight accident and broke a front spring, from that point eastward their rate of travel being greatly reduced. They hoped to be able to secure a new spring here, but there was nothing doing in that line until they could strike Calgary. They were headed for Saskatoon, Sask.

Stray cows, calves and horses have more real freedom on Macleod streets, so say visitors, than in any other town in the province. It is no exaggeration to say there are days when the town has the appearance of a country farm yard. With cattle and horses running at large in the very centre of the town no wonder that the sidewalks are found to be in a shockingly filthy condition at all times. Is there not a by-law dealing with this matter, and if so why is it not being enforced?

It is pretty generally understood that with the closing up of the Mounted Police barracks at Macleod the beginning of the end of the regime of the Mounted Police in the prairie provinces is in sight. Lethbridge, as headquarters of the Southern Alberta division, will last longer than many outside points, but the members of the force are scattering very rapidly. Many will quit the force in August when their three year term is up, and many others are being retired. It is generally considered that the skeleton of the force will be maintained for use in the undivided territories to the north of the prairie provinces and in the Yukon.—Lethbridge Herald.

It has been suggested to the Dominion government that the officers of the geological survey should institute further discovery examinations for underground water possibilities throughout the dry area of the south. The discovery of underground supplies of water in the south country would mean the irrigation of large tracts of arable land, impossible of irrigation by the proposed ditch. Artesian wells have been struck in the district, the first being on the old Mollison ranch on Willow Creek. The McLean ranch, also on Willow Creek, obtained what is apparently an inexhaustible supply of the purest artesian water, and wells have been reported in other parts of the country from time to time. The suggestion is a good one and we hope the government will take action in the matter.

### HIGHWAYS TO HEALTH AND HAPPINESS

On Wednesday afternoon, June 7, a large and interested audience met in the Methodist Church Hall to hear the lecture "The Highway to Health and Happiness" given by Miss DeGuerre, graduate of Macdonald College, Guelph, Ontario, but now a teacher in the Home Economics Department of Raymond Agricultural School. The following are a few of the main points brought out in the address:

One of the greatest highways to happiness is by way of good health. The greatest enemy to good health is disease. In order to combat disease and keep one's body up to standard it is advisable to have a yearly medical examination.

Some of the requisites for the maintenance of health and thus making for happiness are proper feeding and clothing, care of teeth, cheerfulness or optimism and health thoughts.

Many adults are suffering today from indigestion, dyspepsia, etc., because of improper feeding when children. Most of these troubles are caused from over-eating, eating too fast, or not properly masticating the food.

As many diseases result from mouth infection it is essential that the teeth be cleaned frequently each day and inspected by a dentist each year, that they may be kept in good condition. If children's first teeth are given proper care, sounder second teeth will be the result. A child three years of age should be taught to clean its teeth with the same regularity as its older brothers and sisters.

The body in its ideal condition is maintained at a constant temperature, and kept dry, clean and well ventilated. This is the work of clothing. Warm clothing in winter is most essential to good health.

Over-work is our national vice, our national disease is fatigue. Fatigue is not wholesome weariness—it is an overdose of poison. It poisons life and hope as well and destroys peace and contentment. It kills by making people sick in body and soul. For those who must over-work rest for ten to thirty minutes each day, preferably immediately after dinner. Complete relaxation or sleep revives the tired body.

One of the greatest enemies to good health and happiness is worry. Worry is not a real thing, it is an imaginary demon, a palling influence; a canker

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working at the heart of happiness; it is the disease and curse of the age. Worry disqualifies a person for efficient work, by sapping the energy, ruining and impairing the productive capacity. There is nothing which burns out life's cells, ruins harmony and efficiency like indulgence in worry or mental discord. The great cure for worry is faith and optimism. The person who believes that there is a Power mightier than himself guiding all things to a glorious end, that discord will be swallowed up in harmony, that right will overcome wrong, will not worry. When catastrophes, adversities, and calamity comes such a person will look ahead and see the sun shining and believe that while God's in his Heaven all will be right with the world.

Miss DeGuerre has a pleasing personality. Each one felt that there was something to take home and practice which would help on the highway of life.

At the close of the meeting afternoon tea was served by the Women's Institute under whose auspices the meeting was held.

Several new members joined the Institute.

The regular monthly meeting will be held on June 20th at the home of Mrs. Whipple. Roll call is to be answered by the name of your favorite flower—and each member is to bring an article made of flour sacks—for which a prize is being offered. Afternoon tea will be served at the close of the meeting.

### IRRIGATION: ITS USE AND ABUSE.

By T. W. Harris, Taber, Alta., in Farm News Letter.

A few suggestions along this line may prove of interest to some of the farmers who have been brought under this system of farming, some willingly and some against their will. The writer has been raised from boyhood almost constantly on an irrigated farm and has observed the benefits, also the injuries, to the farm through irrigation. Irrigation, if used judiciously and with care, will make the desert blossom as the rose. It will make maximum yields of hay, grain and vegetables on land that is practically worthless without irrigation.

Good, pleasant homes can be made to take the place of the miserable, lonesome camping places we see scattered around the country, homes that the young people of our country will be satisfied to live in because of the improved environment and surroundings. The trees, lawns, flowers, shrubberies and green pastures with the frolicking lambs and calves and other domestic animals are as a natural consequence the product of a well-kept, irrigated farm.

There are many things, however, that must be observed in order to realize the ideals that irrigation stands for. It is not my purpose to attempt to outline a system of farming, as everyone wishes to do his own planning. However, I shall attempt to point out some of the causes for failure with irrigation.

The application of irrigation is a science which can be learned only by careful observation. Too much water is really worse than not enough. Professor Widstow of the University of Utah, while here last summer, said: "Water if ill-applied spells alkali. The soil becomes waterlogged and sad if too much water is used and soil kept in this condition will soon begin to throw up alkali. It also becomes so closely compacted that the air is almost wholly excluded and plant life turns puny and pale and soon dies."

This condition does not come on all at once as new land will produce good crops for several years even under an excessive application of water. I have observed in Utah and Idaho, however, that after a few years the soil begins to play out and the alkali to show up. Foxtail, which is more or less a water plant, commences to show up in the hay fields and soon all the low lands turn into swamps. I have seen large tracts of once good, fertile soil in this way become almost worthless.

There is a great deal said about fall irrigation in this district. I want to issue a warning to my fellow farmers to be careful in this practice. If the supply is sufficient to irrigate the crop in the proper season I would discourage fall irrigation. However, if the supply is insufficient and it is impossible to irrigate the whole field in the proper season, it would be advisable to irrigate a certain portion in the fall. Great care should be exercised in this. I have noticed some farmers when fall irrigating allow the water to run for days at a time in the same place. Whether they know it or not, this method works a very serious injury to the soil as it washes from it a great deal of plant food. This is one thing that should be avoided. Never allow any water to run off the farm as you are wasting much of the energy and life of the soil by so doing. If it should become necessary to irrigate in

the fall, the same care should be used as though your growing crop were there.

With a system like the Taber Irrigation System, where the supply is from a reservoir and the water can be taken as required during the summer season, if a real drought is on, the supply can be doubled and later on cut down. Under such conditions I see no real need of fall irrigation, for under this system the whole area can be irrigated in a comparatively short time, which makes this system the best I have ever seen. Personally, I would rather have 40 acres of land under such a system than 80 acres under the continuous system. Therefore, if we want a good, substantial farm, one that we can depend on to produce our living, let us study the condition and nature of the soil, and use only the necessary amount of water at the proper time. From my observation, we can enrich the soil and make it produce the maximum, while if we are careless in the use of water—using too much and allowing it to run off the farm—it will not be many years before the fertility of the soil will be depleted and we shall wonder what is the cause of our crops being so light.

I maintain that what we need is more people and smaller farms and more intensive farming. The system we have been using in our dry farm methods must be abandoned. Wheat farming year after year under irrigation will prove disastrous. A suitable crop rotation and mixed farming is the only system that has given results under irrigation and we cannot hope to be the exception. I know many men who have become wealthy on small, irrigated farms. I also know many others who have owned large tracts of land who, when irrigation came to them, refused to sell any part of their holdings, and I have seen it all gradually slip away from them, leaving them bankrupt.

Just a few "Don'ts" and I will close: Don't irrigate when it is not necessary.

Don't fail to irrigate when it is necessary.

Don't try to irrigate without sufficient and suitable ditches.

Don't wait until it is time to irrigate to make your ditches.

Don't try to run water uphill—use a level.

Don't bother to irrigate low places; look after the high places.

Don't use your neighbor's water without permission—those who do arouse suspicion.

Don't irrigate potatoes too early or frequently. It will make them scabby and not very mealy.

I trust that the few hints I have given may prove of some assistance.

### THE DELVERS

We may not all soar upward like the lark,  
Nor like the stars shine far above the dark.  
There must be delvers as well as those who fly;  
Earth has its treasures as precious as the sky.

And we poor mortals with the downward look

Will find the earth a sealed Lut jeweled book.

Unseal the earth-bound crannies of this rocky soil,

Offtimes we find of gems and gold the richest spoil.

Hidden to the star-gazer perchance—  
An open page to the miner's glance.  
For ocean's pearls and the diamond's gleams  
Are first for the man who delves, not dreams.

Yet the dreamer's part must be borne in mind.

He points out the path for the miner's find.

Then let them work together, and may the bond be love.

That ever golden rivet, sent to us from above.

Note:—"Cecil Rhodes, that great Empire Builder, dreamed of the Diamond Mines in South Africa long before they were discovered."

WOOD MAY BECOME IMPORTANT AS FUEL.

In view of the threatened difficulty in obtaining coal in the near future, the question of the value of wood as a fuel again becomes important.

According to the Forest Products Laboratories of the Department of the Interior, Canada, the main considerations in selecting wood for fuel are its weight and dryness. Pound for pound, all woods equally dry, have about the same heating value. A cord of dry hardwood, such as birch, has approximately the same heating value as a ton of coal, but in the case of soft woods, as much as two cords would, in some instances, be necessary to get the same amount of heat.